

BASIC INFORMATION

Straumann[®] TLC Implant System

Technical handling information

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ABOUT THIS GUIDE

This surgical and prosthetic procedure describes the steps required for implantation and restoration of the Straumann® TLC Implant System. The Straumann® TLC Implant System is recommended for use only by clinicians with advanced surgical skills. It is assumed that the user is familiar with placing dental implants. Not all detailed information will be found in this guide. Reference to existing Straumann® procedure manuals will be made throughout this document. Not all products shown are available in all markets.

1. THE STRAUMANN® TLC IMPLANT SYSTEM

The Straumann[®] TLC Implant System offers apically tapered tissue level implants (TLC) that are designed for high primary stability and immediate treatment procedures.

The Straumann[®] TLC Implants are made from the material Roxolid[®] with the SLActive[®] surface and are available in the maximum endosteal outer diameters Ø 3.3 mm, Ø 3.75 mm, Ø 4.5 mm, Ø 5.5 mm and Ø 6.5 mm with length options from L8 mm to L18 mm for the maximum endosteal outer diameter Ø 3.3 mm, L6 mm to L18 mm for diameters Ø 3.75 mm and Ø 4.5 mm, and L6 mm to L16 mm for diameter Ø 5.5 mm and Ø 6.5 mm. A unified color code simplifies identification of instruments and implants for the available maximum endosteal outer diameters. The Straumann[®] TLC implants are available with a 1.8 mm shoulder (Standard Plus - SP).

The Straumann[®] TLC prosthetic components are identified with NT (Narrow TorcFit[™]/one dot), RT (Regular TorcFit[™]/two dots) and WT (Wide TorcFit[™]/three dots), corresponding to the implant shoulder diameters of \emptyset 3.5 mm, \emptyset 4.8 mm and \emptyset 6.5 mm respectively.

		Straumann [®] TLC Implant							
		Ø3.	3 mm	Ø 3.7	5 mm	Ø4.	5 mm	Ø 5.5 mm	Ø6.5 mm
Color c	ode) nite)	(red)		(green)		(brown)	(black)
Prostheti	c base	NT	RT	NT	RT	RT	WT	W	/Τ
Connec	tion				Torc	:Fit™			
Imag	ge								
					SLActive®				
	6 mm	-	_	035.72065	035.73065	035.75065	035.76065	035.77065	035.78065
	8mm	035.70085	035.71085	035.72085	035.73085	035.75085	035.76085	035.77085	035.78085
	10 mm	035.70105	035.71105	035.72105	035.73105	035.7510S	035.7610S	035.77105	035.78105
Available lengths	12 mm	035.70125	035.71125	035.72125	035.73125	035.75125	035.76125	035.77125	035.78125
icingtins	14mm	035.70145	035.7114S	035.72145	035.73145	035.7514S	035.76145	035.7714S	035.78145
	16 mm	035.70165	035.71165	035.72165	035.73165	035.75165	035.76165	035.77165	035.78165
	18 m m	035.70185	035.71185	035.72185	035.73185	035.75185	035.76185	-	_

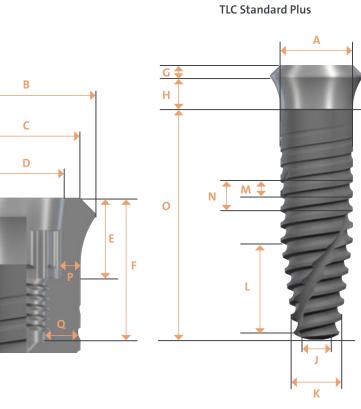
To obtain more information about the indications and contraindications related to each implant, please refer to the corresponding instructions for use. Instructions for use can be found at www.ifu.straumann.com.

Note:

Particular care should be taken when placing small-diameter Roxolid[®] implants (\emptyset 3.3 mm) in the molar region or other high-load situations due to the risk of implant overload.

2. IMPLANT

2.1 DESIGN AND SPECIFICATION



		Straumann [®] TLC Implant						
	Ø 3.3 mm NT	Ø 3.3 mm RT	Ø 3.75 mm NT	Ø 3.75 mm RT	Ø 4.5 mm RT	Ø4.5 mm WT	Ø 5.5 mm WT	Ø6.5 mm WT
(A) Maximum outer diameter	Ø 3.3 mm		Ø 3.75 mm		Ø 4.5 mm		Ø 5.5 mm	Ø 6.5 mm
(B) Shoulder diameter	Ø 3.5 mm	Ø4.8 mm	Ø 3.5 mm	Ø4.8	3 mm		Ø6.5 mm	
(C) Platform diameter	Ø 2.9 mm	Ø 3.7 mm	Ø 2.9 mm	Ø 3.7 mm		Ø 5.0 mm		
(D) Connection diameter				Ø2.7	7 mm			
(E) Connection depth				2.8	mm			
(F) Connection depth including screw hole 5.4 mm								
(G) 45° bevel height	0.3 mm	0.55 mm	0.3 mm	ım 0.55 mm 0.75 r		0.75 mm		
(H) Smooth shoulder height Standard Plus								

Implant lengths: 6 mm to 1	L0 mm					
(J) Apical diameter core	1.52 mm	1.52 mm 1.81 mm		3.18 mm		
(K) Apical diameter threads	2.22 mm	2.63 mm	3.5 mm	4.63 mm	5.71 mm	
(L) Tapered part/taper	2.6 mr	m/14°	2.7 mm/14°	2.6 m	m/14°	
Implant lengths: 12 mm to	18 mm					
(J) Apical diameter core	1.35 mm	1.61 mm	2.1 mm	2.21 mm	2.76 mm	
(K) Apical diameter threads	2.05 mm	2.37 mm	3.1 mm	4.14 mm	4.87 mm	
(L) Tapered part/taper	5 mm/8°	5.2 mm/8°	5.5 mm/8°	6.5 mm/8°		
(M) Thread spacing/flank lead/depth	0.8 mm/ 20)°/0.35 mm	0.9 mm/20°/0.45 mm	1 mm/ 20°/ 0.5 mm	1.15 mm/ 20°/ 0.75 mm	
(N) Thread pitch*	1.6	nm	1.8 mm	2 mm	2.3 mm	
(O) Lengths	8-18 mm	6-18	3mm	6-16	5mm	
(P) Wall thickness top	0.5 mm	0.67 mm	1.05 mm	1.55 mm	2.05 mm	
(Q) Wall thickness mid	0.79 mm	1.03 mm	1.24 mm	1.70 mm	2.03 mm	
Number of chip flutes	2	2	4			

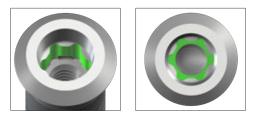
* Implant advances by this amount with every rotation.

3. CONNECTION

The Straumann[®] TLC Implant features the intuitive TorcFit[™] connection. This connection supports self-guiding insertion for clear-cut tactile feedback. Six positions enable a simple yet flexible alignment and outstanding protection against rotation.

Improved Torx with six positions:

- Allows transmission of high torques
- Simple yet flexible implant and abutment alignment



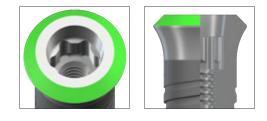
- 7° conical prosthetic connection:
- High mechanical stability

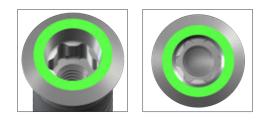


- High mechanical stability
- Exact implant-abutment fit
- Extra wide emergence profiles (implants with diameter >5.5 mm)
- Divergence compensation for bridges

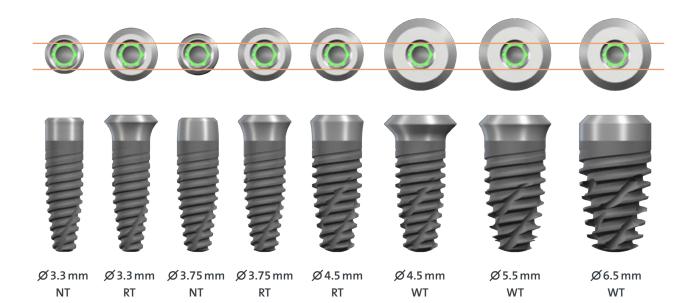
Flat top portion:

High accuracy for Scanbody





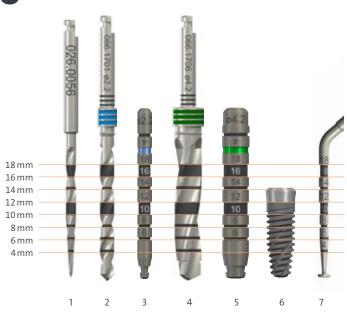
All TLC Implants have the same inner geometry regardless of the diameter of the implant. This allows the use of the **same implant driver for all implants**.



4. INSTRUMENTS

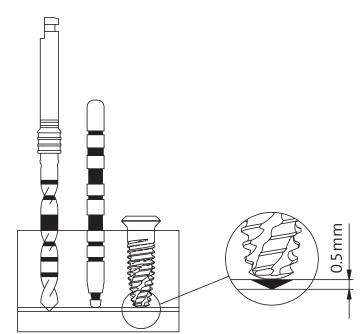
The Straumann[®] TLC Implant System is supplied with a specific set of instruments.

The instruments have depth marks at 2 mm intervals that correspond to the available implant lengths. The first bold mark on the drills represents 10 mm and 12 mm, where the lower edge of the mark corresponds to 10 mm and the upper edge to 12 mm. The second bold mark on the long drills represents 16 mm and 18 mm, where the lower edge of the mark corresponds to 16 mm and the upper edge to 18 mm.



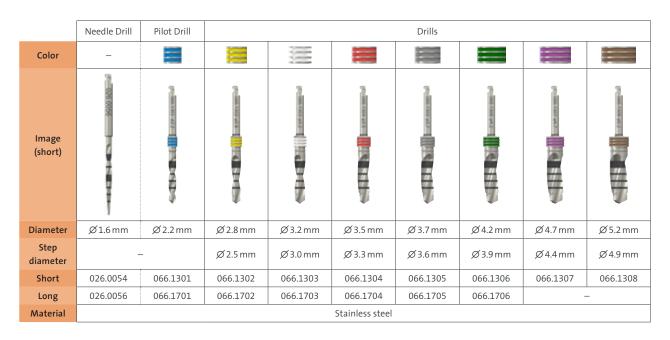
- 1. Needle Drill: 026.0056
- 2. Pilot Drill, long: 066.1701
- 3. Alignment Pin: 046.799
- 4. Drill Ø 4.2 mm, long: 066.1706 5. Depth Gauge: 046.804
- 6. TLC Implant Ø 4.5 RT / 12 mm: 035.7512S
- 7. Implant Depth Gauge: 066.2000

Warning: Due to the function and design of the drills, the drill tip is up to 0.5 mm longer than the insertion depth of the implant. For example, if you drill until the 10 mm marking the actual osteotomy has a depth of 10.5 mm.



4.1 VELODRILL[™]

The TLC VeloDrill^m line in the Straumann[®] Dental Implant System are delivered color-coded, the color corresponding to the specific implant diameter. For precise depth control, VeloDrill^m are compatible with a disposable Drill Stop (refer to *Straumann*[®] *Drill Stop – Basic Information* (702874/en)). VeloDrills^m are compatible for freehand and guided surgery.



4.2 EXTERNAL IRRIGATION WHEN USING DRILL EXTENDER

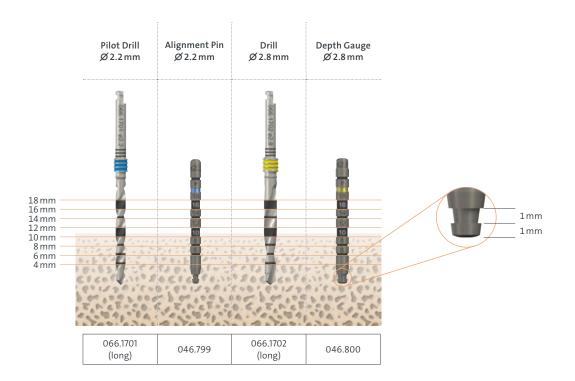


The Drill Stop reduces the effectiveness of the irrigation when a Drill Extender is used. In this case use additional external irrigation (e.g. with a syringe) to ensure proper cooling of the osteotomy during drilling.

4.3 ALIGNMENT PIN AND DEPTH GAUGES

Alignment Pins and Depth Gauges are available for accurate depth measurements and alignment of orientation and position of the osteotomy. Their diameters and color correspond to the drill diameters and are compatible with all Straumann[®] Dental Implant Systems.

The tip and the groove are both 1.0 mm long. This allows distortion measurements on an interoperative radiograph.



4.4 IMPLANT DEPTH GAUGE

Implant depth gauge for accurate depth measurement and tactile examination of the osteotomy.

Blue end: use to examine osteotomy made by pilot drill \varnothing 2.2 mm.

Yellow end: use to examine osteotomy made with drill \varnothing 2.8 mm and wider.

The Implant Depth Gauge is made of titanium alloy (TAN) and is compatible with all Straumann[®] Dental Implant Systems.



Implant Depth Gauge, 066.2000

4.5 IMPLANT DRIVER

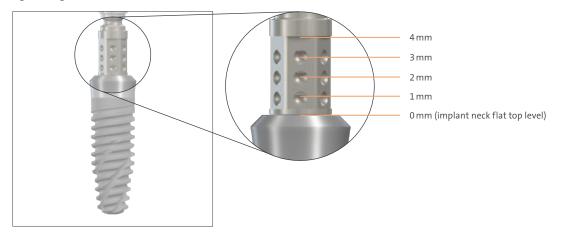
Specific Implant Driver to use for pick-up and insertion of the Straumann[®] TLC Implants.



Note: Consider the available intra-oral space when selecting the implant driver. The long and extra-long versions are recommended for anterior only.



The Implant Driver for Handpiece (long (066.4102), extra long (066.4108)) is compatible with the Surgical Handle, for TorcFit™ Implant Driver. If manual surgical Implant drivers are used to insert the implant, special attention is required to avoid overtightening.



The round markings on the Implant Drivers indicate the distance to the implant flat top in 1mm steps. As the SP implant has a 1.8 mm implant shoulder, the distance of the first round marking to the SLActive[®] surface margin is 1.8mm + 1mm = 2.8mm, that of the second round mark is 3.8 mm, that of the third round mark is 4.8 mm.

4.6 RATCHET AND TORQUE CONTROL DEVICES

The Ratchet is a two-part lever arm instrument with a rotary knob for changing the direction of force. It is supplied with a service instrument, which is used to tighten and loosen the head screw. The Holding Key (046.064) can be used to stabilize the Ratchet.

Two different Torque Control Devices are available for defined torque transmission or for torque measurements, with markings of 15Ncm / 35Ncm and 35-50Ncm / 80Ncm respectively. Choose the appropriate device depending on the intended use.



Note: To ensure prolonged perfect function and cleanability, the Ratchet must always be taken apart and the individual parts disinfected, cleaned and sterilized after use. Its function must be checked in good time before each use.

Always use the Service Instrument to tighten the bolt of the Ratchet before use.

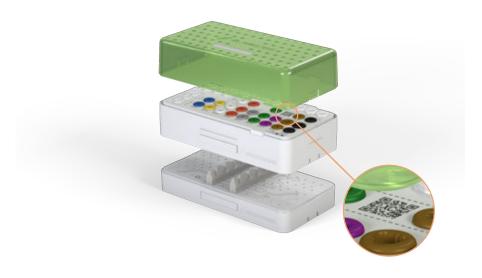
Torque reading on Torque Control Device:



4.7 STRAUMANN[®] MODULAR CASSETTE

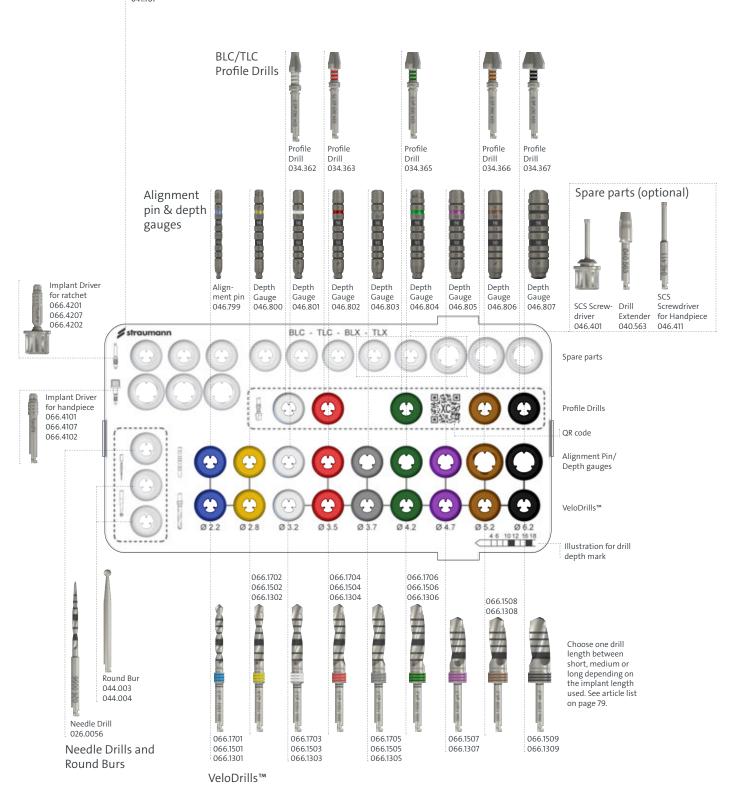
The Straumann[®] Modular Cassette is used for the sterilization and the secure storage of the surgical instruments and auxiliary instruments. For guidelines on how to clean and sterilize the cassette, please refer to *Straumann[®] Modular Cassette, Basic Information* (702527/en). The B and C modules can be stacked as shown in the picture.

The QR code on the trays of the modular cassette leads to an online webpage to support with documents for the implant surgical workflow and the cassette setup and maintenance.



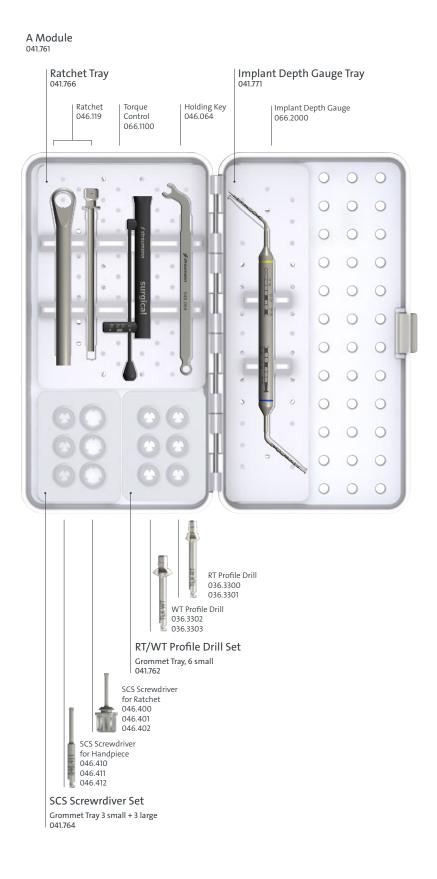
4.8 SETUP FOR TLC FREEHAND SURGERY

B Module, Tray TorcFit™ BLC, TLC, BLX, TLX 041.787

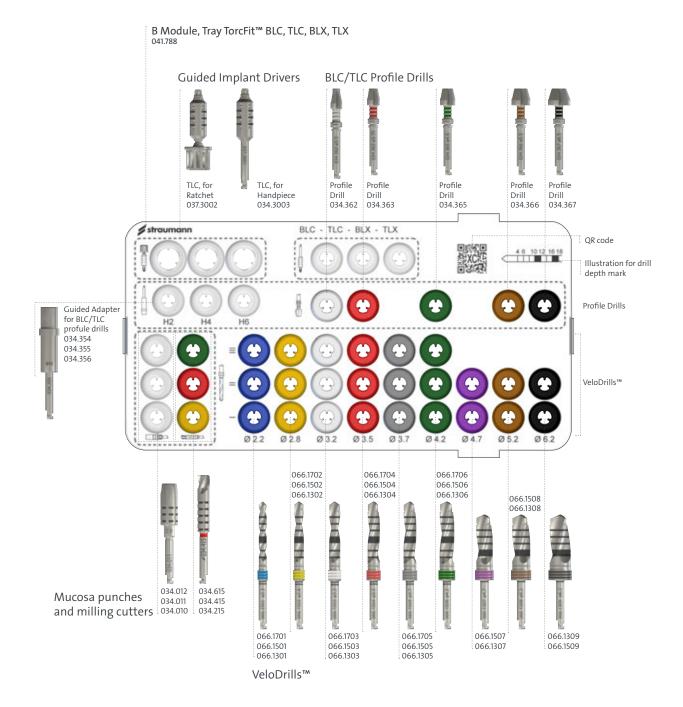


For more information refer to Straumann® Modular Cassette Selection Guide (702824/en).

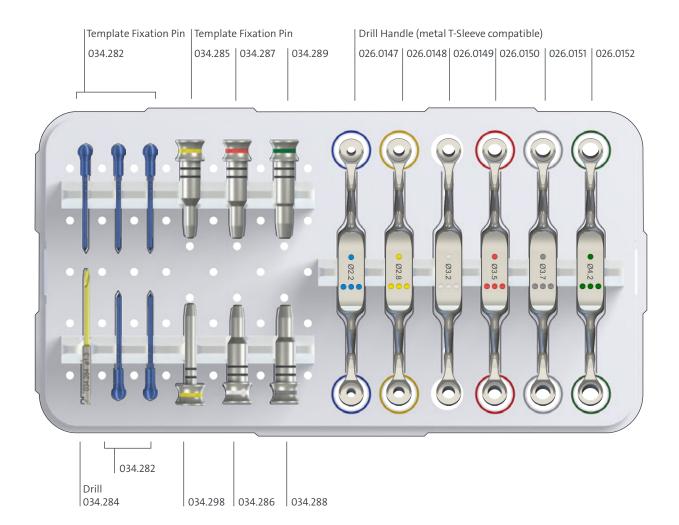
For additional instruments and tools, please use the A-module. The A Module mainly stores surgical tools that can be shared among different implant lines. Users can set up the A Module according to their needs by changing the removable trays inside the A Module.



4.9 SETUP FOR TLC GUIDED SURGERY



C Module Guided Surgery



5. SURGICAL PROCEDURE AND HEALING PHASE

The workflow for the surgical procedure for the Straumann[®] TLC Implant System involves 3 steps:

- Preoperative planning
- Implant bed preparation
- Implant insertion

5.1 PREOPERATIVE PLANNING

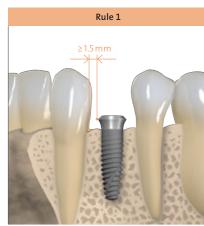
Prosthetic-driven planning is recommended, and close communication between the patient, dentist, surgeon and dental technician is imperative for achieving the desired esthetic result.

To determine the topographical situation, axial orientation and the appropriate implants, making a wax-up / set up using the previously prepared study cast is recommended. Subsequently, the type of superstructure can be defined. The wax-up / set-up can later be used as the basis for a custom-made X-ray or drill template and for a temporary restoration.

Note: Abutments should always be loaded axially. Ideally, the long axis of the implant is aligned with the cusps of the opposing tooth. Extreme cusp formation should be avoided as this can lead to unphysiological loading.

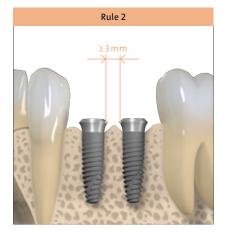
Mesiodistal bone availability is an important factor when choosing the implant type and diameter as well as the inter-implant distances if multiple implants are placed. The point of reference on the implant for measuring mesiodistal distances is always the largest diameter of the implant.

The following three rules should be regarded as minimum guidelines:



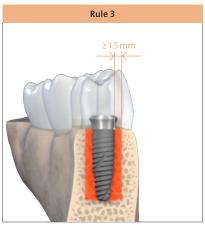
Rule 1: Distance to adjacent tooth at implant shoulder level

A minimum distance of **1.5 mm from the implant shoulder to the adjacent tooth** (mesial and distal) is recommended.



Rule 2: Distance to adjacent implants at bone level.

A minimum distance of **3 mm between two adjacent implant shoulders** (mesiodistal) is recommended.



Rule 3: The facial and palatal bone layer must be at least 1.5 mm thick in order to ensure stable hard and soft tissue conditions. Within this limitation, a restoration-driven orofacial implant position and axis should be chosen to allow the placement of screw-retained restorations.

Caution: An augmentation procedure is indicated if the orofacial bone wall is less than 1.5 mm or a layer of bone is missing on one or more sides. This technique should be employed only by dentists with adequate experience in the use of augmentation procedures.

5.1.1 X-ray reference foil

The vertical bone availability determines the maximum allowable length of the implant that can be placed. A minimum distance of 2 mm between the apex of the implant and the alveolar nerve should be kept. For easier determination of the vertical bone availability, we recommend the use of an X-ray reference foil with X-ray Reference Sphere.

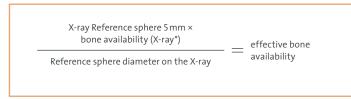
The TLC X-ray reference foils are used for measurement and comparison. They assist the user in selecting the suitable implant type, diameter and length. Similar to the distortions that occur in X-rays, the implant dimensions are shown on the individual reference foils with the corresponding distortion factors (1:1 to 1.7:1). Each magnification factor or scale is determined by showing the X-ray Reference Sphere on the reference foil. First, compare the size of the X-ray Reference Sphere on the patient's X-ray with the size of the Reference Sphere on the reference foil. Superimpose the two pictures to find the correct scale. Next, determine the spatial relations around the implant position, and establish the implant length and insertion depth.

For more information regarding the preparation of a X-ray jig with the Reference Spheres see the *Straumann® Dental Implant System*, *Basic Information* (702084/en).

1.0:1	Ø 5.0 mm St	raumann® TLC S I	mplant				\bigcirc	Ø 5.0 mm Strau	mann® TLC S	Pimplant		
	.3 mm Ø3.75 mm Ø3.7 RT NT R		Ø 4.5 mm β W⊺	ð 5.5 mm WT	Ø 6.5 mm WT	Ø 3.3 mm NT	Ø 3.3 mm RT	Ø 3.75 mm Ø 3.75 m NT RT	n Ø4.5 mm R⊺	Ø 4.5 mm WT	Ø 5.5 mm WT	Ø 6.5 mm WT
0 24 6 10 12 14 16 16 18			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		0 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2							0 2 4 6 8 10 12 14 16 18

Note: For Straumann[®] TLC Implants use only the X-ray reference foil specific to the TLC Implant.

To calculate the effective bone availability, use the following formula:



* Taking into consideration all implant-related anatomical structures (e.g. mandibular canal, sinus maxillaris, etc.)

5.1.2 Planning software

Another possibility is digital planning with e.g. coDiagnostiX[®]. This 3D diagnostics and implant planning software is designed for the image-guided surgical planning of dental implants, including TLC Implants, which are included in the system's digital library. Working with the software is based on a patient's medical image data, such as a CT (Computed Tomography) or DVT (Digital Volume Tomography) scan processed by coDiagnostiX[®].



Planning includes the calculation of several views (such as virtual OPG or a 3-dimensional reconstruction of the image dataset), analysis of the image data and the placement of implants, abutments and drilling sleeves.

coDiagnostiX[®] software is designed for use by professionals with appropriate knowledge in implantology and surgical dentistry. For further information, please refer to the coDiagnostiX[®] Manual.



CARES[®] Synergy workflow

CARES[®] Synergy provides real-time communication between the implant planning software (coDiagnostiX[®]) and the lab software (i.e. Straumann[®] CARES[®]) and improves implant planning by visualizing the relationship between the proposed implant position and the proposed restoration.

5.1.3 Straumann® Pro Arch Guide

For intraoperative visual and three-dimensional orientation of the implant angulation (mesial/ distal) and oral parallelization, use the Straumann[®] Pro Arch Guide.

The Pro Arch Guide is used in edentulous jaws for surgical implant placement. The Pro Arch Guide can be easily bent to adapt to the dental arch. It is secured by drilling into the symphysis with a \emptyset 2.2 mm Drill No. 1 and a pin in the jaw. The drilling depth for the bone cavity of the pin is 10 mm. The drilling depth can be checked optically using the depth markings on the drills. Use the TS Hexagonal Screwdriver (046.420) to adjust and disassemble.



For further information on the treatment of edentulous patients and angulated placement of TLC Implants, please refer to the *Straumann® Pro Arch, Basic Information* (702166/en).

5.1.4 Bone density definition

Cross se	Cross sectional view of different types of bone quality*						
Туре І	Type II/III	Туре IV					
Hard	Medium	Soft					
Thick cortical bone with marrow cavity	Thin cortical bone with dense trabecular bone of good strength	Very thin cortical bone with low den- sity trabecular bone of poor strength					

* Lekholm U, Zarb G. Patient selection and preparation in Tissue Integrated Prostheses. Branemark P I, Zarb G A, Albrektsson T (eds). pp199–210. Quintessence, 1985.

5.2 IMPLANT BED PREPARATION

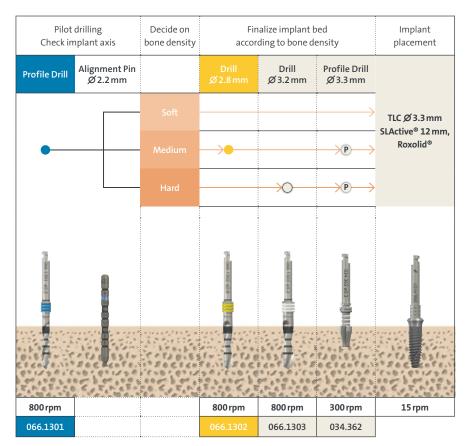
The Straumann[®] Modular Cassette with specific instruments is used to prepare the implant bed. Different drill protocols should be employed depending on the bone density. This offers the flexibility to adapt the implant bed preparation to the individual bone quality and anatomical situation.

A quick guide to the surgical drill protocol is printed on the cassette and indicates the final drill recommended for each implant diameter and bone density.

Bone density	Implant maximum endosteal outer diameter								
	Ø 3.3	Ø 3.75	Ø4.5	Ø 5.5					
Soft	2.2	• 2.2	3.2	• 4.2					
Medium	<u> </u>	○ 3.2 + ♀ 3.75	3.7 + 2 4.5	• 4.7 + P 5.5					
Hard	O3.2 + ₱ 3.3	3.5 + 2 3.75	• 4.2 + 2 4.5	• 5.2 + P 5.5					
Final drill diameter Profile Drill									

Note: Every implant bed has to be initiated with the pilot drill (\emptyset 2.2 mm) to full implant length. On the quick guide only the final drill is displayed. The clinician can decide whether or not a sequence of drills with increasing diameters is used. Use the drills in a clockwise drill rotation direction, use intermittent drilling technique and provide ample cooling with pre-cooled (5°C, 41°F) sterile saline solution. Do not exceed the recommended drill speeds, as indicated on the next page.

5.2.1 Workflow for TLC Ø 3.3 mm



Implant bed preparation, illustrated with a TLC Implant Ø 3.3 mm / 12 mm RT

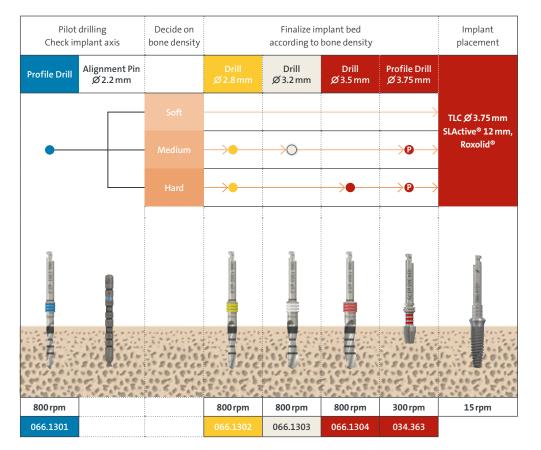
Note: Particular care should be taken when placing small-diameter implants (Ø 3.3 mm) in the molar region or other highload situations due to the risk of implant overload.

Warning: Due to the function and design of the drills, the drill tip is up to 0.5 mm longer than the insertion depth of the implant. For example, if you drill to the 12 mm marking, the actual implant bed has a depth of 12.5 mm.

Cortical bone treatment: In the presence of a hard cortical bone layer, it is recommended to widen the implant bed in this area using a \emptyset 3.3 mm Profile Drill for \emptyset 3.3 mm implants, independent of the overall bone-quality.

Subcrestal implant placement: Consider the final implant position for drill depth and never undersize in length with the Pilot Drill.

5.2.2 Workflow for TLC Ø 3.75 mm



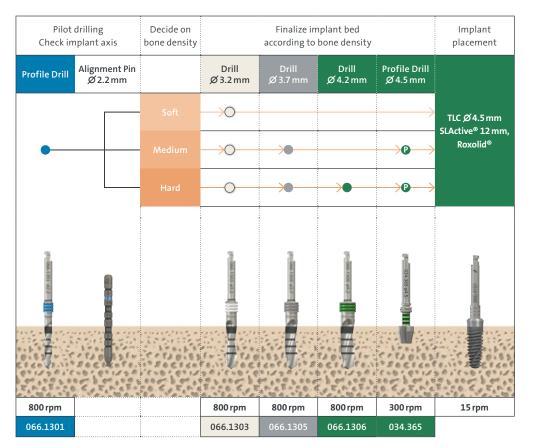
Implant bed preparation, illustrated with a TLC Implant \varnothing 3.75 mm / 12 mm RT

Warning: Due to the function and design of the drills, the drill tip is up to 0.5 mm longer than the insertion depth of the implant. For example, if you drill to the 12 mm marking, the actual implant bed has a depth of 12.5 mm.

Cortical bone treatment: In the presence of a hard cortical bone layer, it is recommended to widen the implant bed in this area using a \emptyset 3.75 mm Profile Drill for \emptyset 3.75 mm implants, independent of the overall bone-quality.

Subcrestal implant placement: Consider the final implant position for drill depth and never undersize in length with the Pilot Drill.

5.2.3 Workflow for TLC Ø 4.5 mm



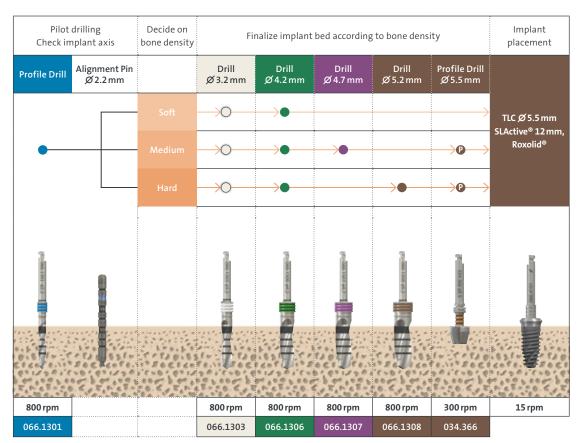
Implant bed preparation, illustrated with a TLC Implant \varnothing 4.5 mm / 12 mm RT

Warning: Due to the function and design of the drills, the drill tip is up to 0.5 mm longer than the insertion depth of the implant. For example, if you drill to the 12 mm marking, the actual implant bed has a depth of 12.5 mm.

Cortical bone treatment: In the presence of a hard cortical bone layer, it is recommended to widen the implant bed in this area using a \emptyset 4.5 mm Profile Drill for \emptyset 4.5 mm implants, independent of the overall bone-quality.

Subcrestal implant placement: For implant with diameter \emptyset 4.5 and larger never undersize in length with the drill \emptyset 3.2 mm.

5.2.4 Workflow for TLC Ø 5.5 mm



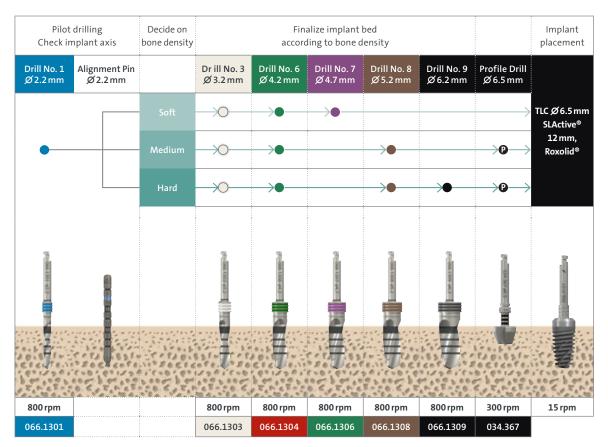
Implant bed preparation, illustrated with a TLC Implant \varnothing 5.5 mm / 12 mm WT

Warning: Due to the function and design of the drills, the drill tip is up to 0.5 mm longer than the insertion depth of the implant. For example, if you drill to the 12 mm marking, the actual implant bed has a depth of 12.5 mm.

Cortical bone treatment: In the presence of a hard cortical bone layer, it is recommended to widen the implant bed in this area using a \emptyset 5.5 mm Profile Drill for \emptyset 5.5 mm implants, independent of the overall bone-quality.

Subcrestal implant placement: For implant with diameter \emptyset 4.5 and larger never undersize in length with the drill \emptyset 3.2 mm.

5.2.5 Workflow for TLC Ø 6.5 mm



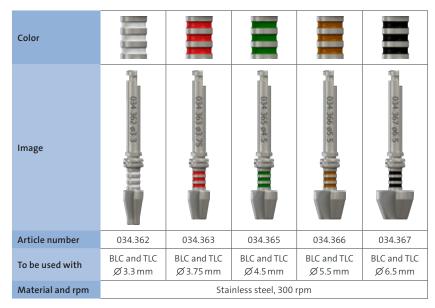
Implant bed preparation, illustrated with a TLC Implant \varnothing 6.5 mm / 12 mm WT

Warning: Due to the function and design of the drills, the drill tip is up to 0.5 mm longer than the insertion depth of the implant. For example, if you drill to the 12 mm marking, the actual implant bed has a depth of 12.5 mm.

Cortical bone treatment: In the presence of a hard cortical bone layer, it is recommended to widen the implant bed in this area using a \emptyset 6.5 mm Profile Drill for \emptyset 6.5 mm implants, independent of the overall bone-quality.

Subcrestal implant placement: For implant with diameter \emptyset 4.5 and larger never undersize in length with the drill \emptyset 3.2 mm.

5.2.6 Subcrestal placement requires additional profile drilling



Profile Drills 1 for BLC and TLC Implants



In the presence of a hard cortical bone layer, it is recommended to widen the implant bed in this area using a Profile Drill diameter matching the implant diameter independent of the overall bone-quality.

Profile Drills 2 for the RT and WT platforms of TLC and TLX Implants





Should the clinician, at their own clinical judgment, deem it necessary to insert the implant deeper, it is recommended to profile drill with the dedicated instruments for RT and WT platforms.

Note: When using an Straumann[®] TLC or TLX Implants with an unflaired NT platform, no Profile Drill 2 is needed.

5.3 IMPLANT PICK UP

The TLC implants are provided with an implant carrying system that supports direct pick-up with an appropriate Implant Driver.



Step 1 – Open box and remove seal of blister to get access to the implant vial.

Note: Patient label can be found on the blister seal. The blister ensures the sterility of the implant. Do not open the blister until immediately prior to implant placement.



Step 2 – Open the vial with a counter-clockwise turn and remove the lid together with the implant.



Step 3 – Hold the vial lid and connect the Implant Driver to the implant using the Handpiece. You hear a click when the Implant Driver is attached correctly.

Caution: Make sure that the Implant Driver is properly seated and pull slightly on the driver to verify that it is correctly attached. This check must be performed before every use even when the Implant Driver has been successfully used before. Replace the Implant with a new one if insufficient attachment occurs.

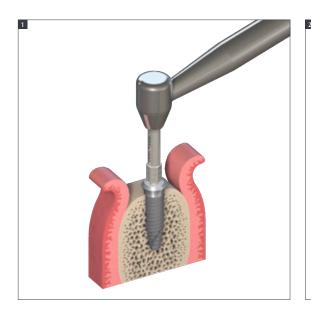


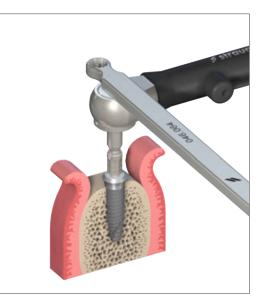
Step 4 – A slight clockwise turn is needed to remove the implant from its holder.

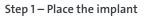
Note: After removing the implant from the solution, the chemical activity of SLActive[®] is ensured for 15 minutes.

5.4 IMPLANT PLACEMENT

A Straumann[®] TLC implant can be placed using the Handpiece, or manually using the Ratchet. Do not exceed the recommended maximum speed of 15 rpm when using the Handpiece.







Step 2 – Final position

Place the implant with the driver in the implant bed Use by turning it clockwise. tion

Use the Ratchet to move the implant to its final position by turning it clockwise.

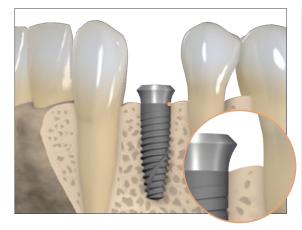
If there is strong resistance remove the implant, place the implant together with the implant driver back into the vial and widen the implant bed according to the drill protocol.

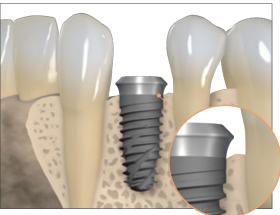
Note: For immediate function, a final torque of at least 35 Ncm should be achieved. Excessive insertion torque must be avoided because this can lead to resorption of the bone.

Final implant position NT/RT/WT implants

During coronoapical implant positioning, the TLC implant is best placed with the SLActive[®] surface margin at bone level.

Note: Straumann[®] implants allow for flexible coronoapical implant positioning, depending on individual anatomy, implant site, the type of restoration planned, and preference. Should the clinician, for any reason related to his own clinical judgement, deem necessary to insert the implant deeper, a subcrestal placement of 0.5 mm is possible. For subcrestal placement, the use of profile drills is required, see paragraph 5.2.6.

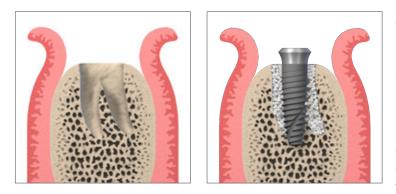




Regular TorcFit[™] (RT) Implants with a Ø 4.8 mm shoulder

Wide TorcFit[™] (WT) Implants with a Ø 5.5 mm shoulder

5.5 GAP MANAGEMENT



As no implant will match the individual anatomical situation after tooth extraction exactly, immediate treatment procedures may require additional bone grafting ("gap management") and soft tissue / wound healing management.

Different grafting materials, barrier membranes and healing agents are used to support safe, enduring stability of the implant inside the bony compartment as well as sufficient hard and soft tissue to ensure esthetics.

Bone grafting materials Product		Country availability	Reason why	
Allograft	Straumann® AlloGraft botiss maxgraft®	North America (Straumann® AlloGraft) Selected countries in Europe (botiss maxgraft®)	Fast graft to bone turnover supporting early and long-term implant stability Full remodeling potential Bone vitality	
Xenograft	botiss cerabone® Straumann® XenoGraft	Global	Long-term graft presence supporting volume preservation	
Synthetic alternative	Straumann® BoneCeramic™	Giobai	Prolonged graft to bone turnover Volume preservation	

Barrier membranes prohibit cells - particularly epithelial cells - from penetrating their structure, and thereby allow slow-growing bone tissue to re-occupy the grafted space.

Barrier Membranes	Product	Country availability	Reason why
	botiss jason®	Global	Very thin but strong structure Easy handling Prolonged barrier function Fully resorbable
Porcine collagen membrane	Straumann® Membrane Flex	North America, Iberia, Distributor & Emerging Markets (Europe, Middle East and Africa)	Appropriate barrier function for non-complex cases Easy handling
	botiss collprotect®	Europe	Fully resorbable
Bovine collagen membrane	Straumann® Membrane Plus	North America	Long barrier function Fully resorbable
Synthetic dPTFE membrane	botiss permamem®	Europe	Ultra thin, strong structure Open healing possible Non-resorbable Has to be removed manually after <4 weeks

The immediacy approach for placing dental implants is demanding on the human body. With its clinically proven beneficial impact on wound healing and favorable influence on scar tissue, Straumann[®] Emdogain[®] can make a real difference. We recommend a thin layer of Emdogain[®] on top of the membrane and after socket closure.



5.6 PRIMARY IMPLANT CLOSURE

	TLC Implant Closure Caps, sterile					
	NT Closure Cap	RT Closure Cap	WT Closure Cap			
Compatibility	TLC Implant Ø 3.3	TLC Implant Ø 3.3 TLC Implant Ø 3.75 TLC Implant Ø 4.5	TLC Implant Ø4.5 TLC Implant Ø5.5 TLC Implant Ø6.5			
Recommended tightening torque		Hand-tight	· · · ·			
Article number		0 mm: 036.32005				
	1.5 mm: 036.0201S	1.5 mm: 036.12015				
Material		Titanium				

	TLC Implant Healing Caps, sterile					
	NT Healing cap	RT Healing cap	WT Healing cap			
		TLC Implant Ø 3.3	TLC Implant Ø 4.5			
Compatibility	TLC Implant Ø 3.3	TLC Implant Ø 3.75	TLC Implant Ø 5.5			
		TLC Implant Ø 4.5	TLC Implant Ø 6.5			
Recommended tightening torque		Hand-tight				
	2	2 mm: 036.12025	2 mm: 036.22025			
Article number	3 mm: 036.02035	3 mm: 036.12035	3 mm: 036.22035			
	4.5 mm: 036.02045	4.5 mm: 036.12045	4.5 mm: 036.22045			
Material	· · · · · ·	Titanium				

Note: Since the TLC closure caps and Healing Caps cover the whole implant shoulder, gingiva, bone particles or bone graft particles can easily be trapped between closure cap or Healing Cap and implant. It is recommended to clean the implant connection thoroughly prior to the placement of the closure cap or Healing Cap and to check the proper seating prior to wound closure, e.g. visually or by taking an X-ray.

5.7 HEALING PHASE

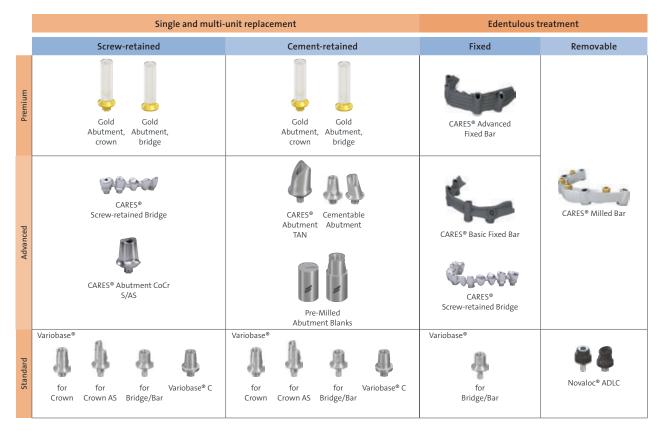
For the delayed loading surgical protocol, it is recommended to follow the healing time durations as indicated below:

Situation	Healing phase			
	SLActive®	SLA®		
Good bone quality and adequate bone quantity	At least 3–4 weeks	At least 6 weeks		
 Implants with a diameter of 3.75 mm and wider and a Straumann[®] SLActive[®]/SLA[®] surface 				
length of ≥ 8 mm				
Cancellous bone quality	At least 8 weeks	At least 12 weeks		
 Implants with a diameter of 3.3 mm 				
 Implants with a Straumann[®] SLActive[®]/SLA[®] length of 6 mm 				
Straumann [®] SLActive [®] /SLA [®] surface is not completely in contact with the bone	Healing phase corresponding to the situation			
Bone augmentation measures* are necessary				

6. PROSTHETIC WORKFLOW OVERVIEW

6.1 ABUTMENT OVERVIEW

	Straumann [®] Cementable Abutment	Straumann [®] Variobase [®] for Crown	Variobase [®] for Bridge/Bar Cylindrical	Variobase® for Crown AS	Variobase [®] C	Straumann [®] CARES [®] Abutment TAN	Straumann [®] CARES [®] Abutment CoCr S	Straumann [®] CARES [®] Abutment CoCr AS	Straumann [®] CARES [®] Bridge/Bar	Straumann [®] Novaloc [®] ADLC	Gold Abutment, crown	Gold Abutment, bridge
	Ŷ	Ą.	Ą	Ŷ	Į,	Ø			900a	÷	-	
Single crown												
Screw-retained		•		•	•		•	•			•	•
Cement-retained	•	٠		•	•	•		•			•	•
Bridge												
Screw-retained			٠				•		•			
Cement-retained	•		٠						•			
Removable overde	ntures											
Telescope	•											
Retentive anchor										•		
Bar							•		•			
Impression												
Implant level	•	٠	٠	٠	•							
Abutment level												
Material	Titanium alloy					Cobalt C	hromium	Titaniu	m alloy	Ceran	nicor®	

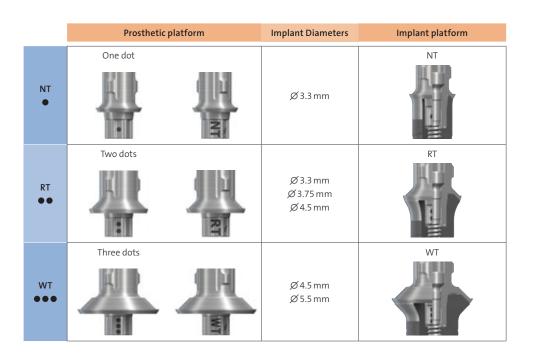


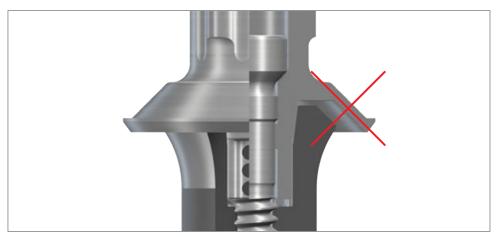
6.2 LASER MARKING SYSTEM

The Straumann[®] TLC Implant System has a simple and consistent laser marking system, for quick and precise identification of secondary parts, and auxiliaries.

This concept allows for correct identification of matching components, and simplifies the communication between the individuals involved in the treatment process.

- Components laser-marked NT (Narrow, TorcFit[™]) and with one dot can be used on all TLC Implants with the NT shoulder.
- Components laser-marked RT (Regular, TorcFit[™]) and with two dots can be used on all TLC implants with the RT shoulder.
- Components laser-marked WT (Wide, TorcFit[™]) and with three dots can be used on all TLC implants with the WT shoulder.

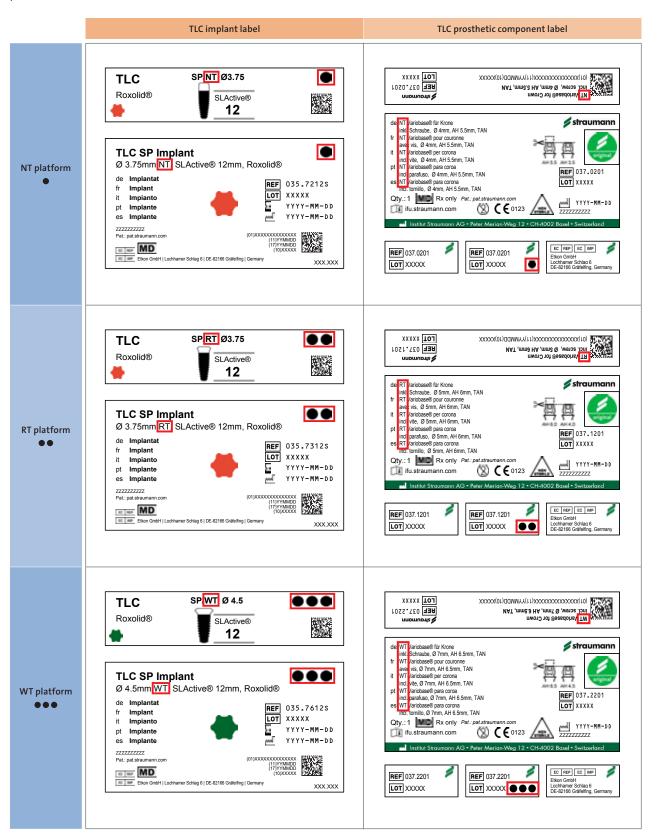


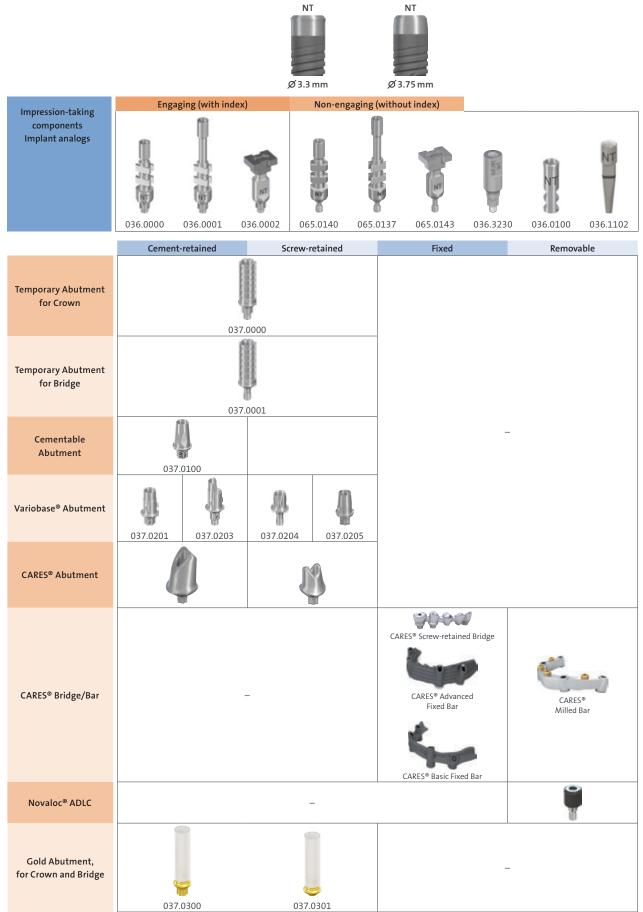


No WT Abutments on NT and RT Implants! No NT Abutments on RT and WT Implants! No RT Abutments on NT and WT Implants!

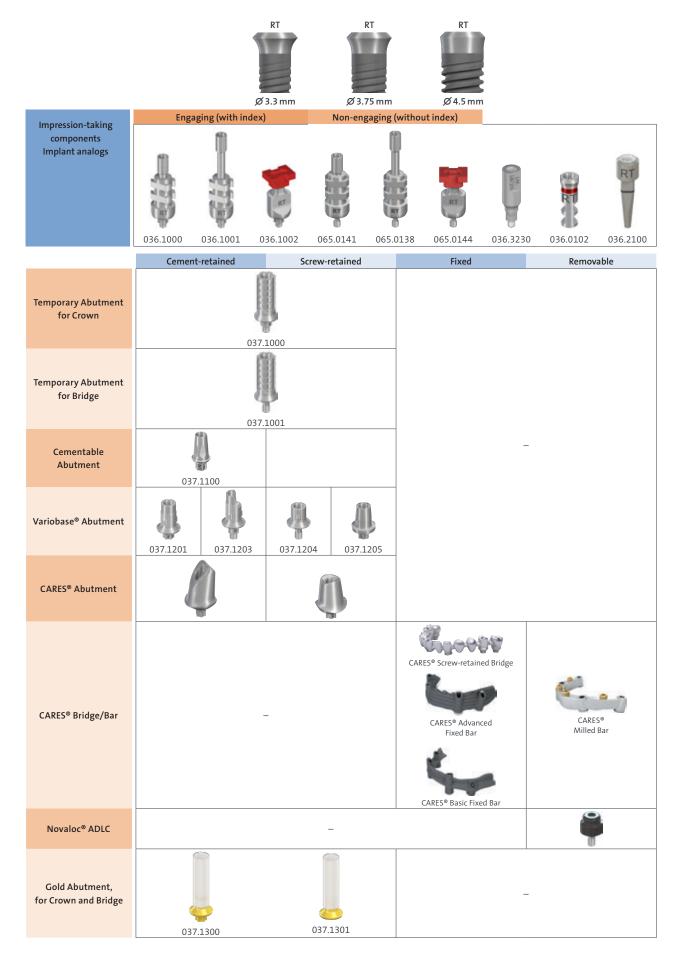
6.2.1 How to match fitting components

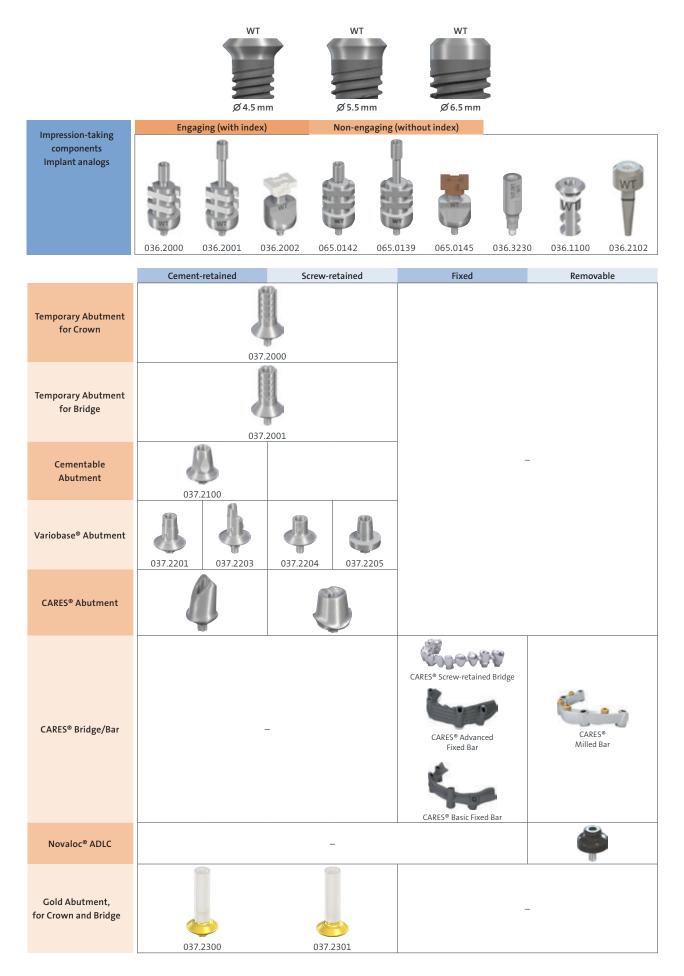
To quickly find the matching components, refer to the platform name (NT, RT or WT) and/or to the dot concept on the product label.





6.3 OVERVIEW OF PROSTHETIC COMPONENTS





7. IMPORTANT CONSIDERATIONS

7.1 HOW TO VERIFY CORRECT IMPRESSION POST SEATING

Impression post screws in TorcFit[™]Tissue Level implants will only engage with the implant if correctly seated. Correctly seated Impression Posts seal at the shoulder of the implant.

For TLC implants, only TorcFit[™] Tissue Level auxiliaries and prosthetic components are to be used for ideal seating.

Note: TorcFit[™] auxiliaries and prosthetic components for Tissue Level implants are not to be used with Bone Level implant systems. Likewise, TorcFit[™] auxiliaries and prosthetic components for Bone Level implants are not to be used with Tissue Level implant systems.



7.2 REMOVAL OF NT SCREW-RETAINED ABUTMENTS IN TORCFIT™ TISSUE LEVEL IMPLANTS

Due to tight sealing of the 7° conus of the TorcFit[™] connection, NT Screw-retained Abutments can lock tightly into TorcFit[™] Tissue Level implants after final insertion.

7.2.1 Removal Tool for Basal Screw (065.0008 and 065.0009)

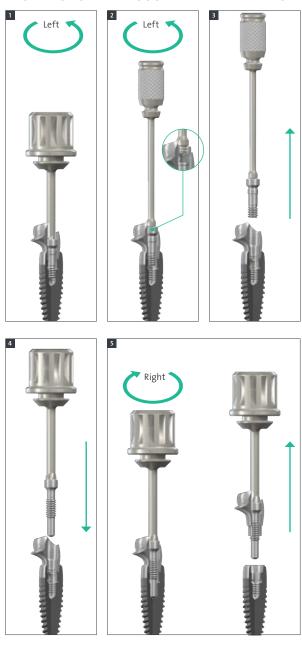
If the basal screw cannot be removed with the SCS Screwdriver [1], the Removal Tool may be used.

This tool features a left-hand thread that engages in the basal screw head [2] to remove the Basal Screw [3].

7.2.2 Abutment Removal Screw (065.0007)

In case the NT Screw-retained Abutment for TorcFit[™] Tissue Level implants cannot be removed using the SCS Screwdriver alone, the Abutment Removal Screw can be used.

Insert the SCS Screwdriver into the Abutment Removal Screw. Engage the screw into the abutment [4] until the grip is sufficient enough to free the abutment from the implant [5].

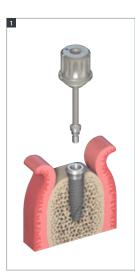


8. SOFT TISSUE MANAGEMENT

After implantation, the implant is closed – hand-tightened – with a Closure Cap or a Healing Cap or immediately loaded with a final abutment to protect the implant. With the Closure Cap or the Healing Cap, the surgeon can choose between submucosal and transmucosal healing and has all options available for soft tissue management made possible through a set of secondary healing components. The closure cap and Healing Cap are recommended for intermediate use. After the soft-tissue healing phase they are replaced with the appropriate temporary or final restoration.

8.1 SUBMUCOSAL HEALING

For submucosal healing (healing under closed mucoperiosteal flap) the use of a Closure Cap or shorter Healing Cap is recommended. Submucosal healing is suggested in esthetic indications and for implantations with simultaneous guided bone restoration (GBR) or membrane technique. A second surgical procedure is required for uncovering the implant and insertion of the desired secondary component.



Step 1 – Inserting the Closure Cap or the Healing Cap (1.5 mm) after first surgery Ensure that the internal configuration of the implant is clean.

Pick up the Closure Cap or the Healing Cap with the SCS Screwdriver. The friction fit will secure the Closure Cap or the Healing Cap to the instrument during insertion and will allow safe handling.

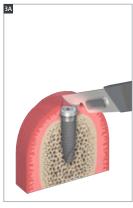
Hand-tighten the Closure Cap or the Healing Cap. The design will provide a tight connection between the two components.

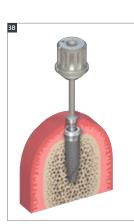
Note: All Closure Cap or a Healing Cap are delivered sterile and ready to use. Subsequent loosening is made easier by applying chlorhexidine gel or sterile Vaseline to the Closure Cap or a Healing Cap before it is screwed into the implant.



Step 2 – Wound closure

Adapt the mucoperiosteal flaps carefully and suture together with interrupted sutures. Make sure a tight seal is formed over the implant.

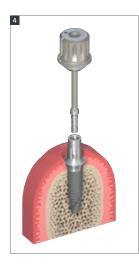




Step 3 – Reopening and removal: second surgery Locate the implant.

Make a small crestal incision down to the Closure Cap or a short Healing Cap.

Spread the flap slightly and remove the Closure Cap or a short Healing Cap with the SCS Screwdriver.



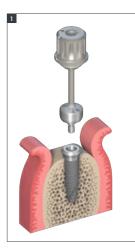
Step 4 – Insertion and wound closure

Rinse the exposed internal connection of the implant thoroughly with sterile saline solution. Insert the abutment.

Adapt the soft tissue and suture it back tightly without tension around the abutment.

8.2 TRANSMUCOSAL HEALING

A versatile portfolio of Healing Caps is available for all Straumann[®] implants, enabling soft-tissue sculpturing during transmucosal healing.



Step 1 – Insertion

components.

Ensure that the internal configuration of the implant is clean and bloodless. Insert the Healing Cap with the SCS Screwdriver. The friction fit secures the components to the instrument during insertion and ensures safe handling. Hand-tighten the Healing Cap. The design will provide a tight connection between the two

Note: All Healing Caps are delivered sterile and ready to use. Subsequent loosening is made easier by applying chlorhexidine gel or sterile Vaseline to the Healing Cap before it is screwed into the implant.



Step 2 – Wound closure Adapt the soft tissue and suture it back tightly around the Healing Cap.

9. TEMPORARY RESTORATION

9.1 HEALING CAP – TITANIUM GRADE 4

9.1.1 Intended use

- Soft tissue management
- Closure of implant connection for submerged and non-submerged healing

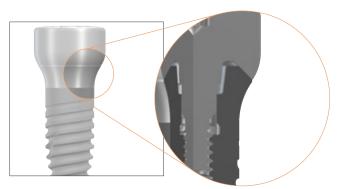
9.1.2 Characteristics

Simple

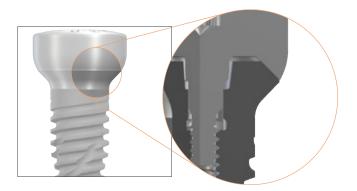
- One-piece design
- Laser-marked diameters and gingiva heights on the flat top
- Cylindrical section gives space to soft tissue

Reliable

• Tight sealing on the outer shoulder of implant

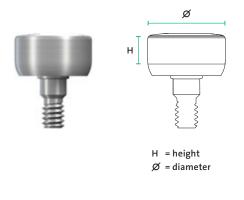


RT Healing Cap sealing mechanism



WT Healing Cap sealing mechanism

9.1.3 Overview of Healing Cap dimensions



		Diameter (Ø)			
		For NT final abutment	For RT final abutment	For WT final abutment	
	0 mm	Ø 2.7 mm			
	1.5 mm	Ø4.0 mm		-	
н	2 mm	-	Ø 5.5 mm		
	3 mm	<i>C</i> (1)	ס.5 ווווו	Ø 7.2 mm	
	4.5 mm	Ø 4.0 mm			



9.2 TEMPORARY ABUTMENT – TITANIUM ALLOY (TAN)

9.2.1 Intended use

Cement-retained temporary crowns

9.2.2 Characteristics

More solutions

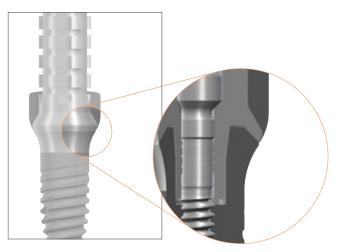
- Narrow diameter for narrow interdental spaces
- Crowns
- Anterior and posterior region
- Laser marked connection

Reliable

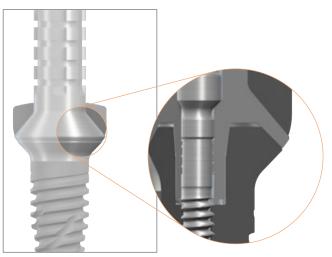
- High stability due to titanium alloy (TAN) material
- TorcFit[™] connection for Tissue Level implants for engaging and non-engaging abutments
- Tight sealing on the outer shoulder of implant

Note: Do not use for longer than 180 days. Place temporary restorations out of occlusion.

The Temporary Abutment can be shortened vertically no more than 6 mm with standard tools and procedures.

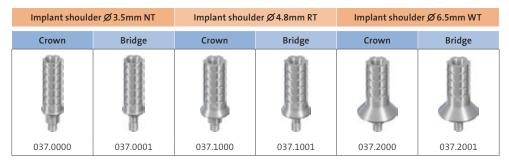


RT Temporary Abutment



WT Temporary Abutment

9.2.3 Overview of temporary abutment



Fabrication of the temporary restoration on implant shoulder \emptyset 3.5 mm NT, \emptyset 4.8 mm RT and implant shoulder \emptyset 6.5 mm WT are identical.



Chairside fabrication

The posts are shortened below the occlusion level and the occlusal openings are sealed with wax or cotton wool. To avoid the titanium showing through the resin, coating the posts with opaquer prior to veneering is recommended.

The temporary restoration is fabricated with the usual standard techniques, such as vacuum-formed foil or, as in conventional fabrication of temporaries, with strip crowns filled with resin which are attached to the post. After biting down, the excess is removed and after curing, the crown/bridge is removed, polished and the occlusal screw channels are opened again.



Fabrication in the laboratory

The posts can be veneered by grinding ready-made acrylic teeth or by direct modelling with resin. This option is suitable especially if there is a silicone index of the wax-up. The TAN posts are silanized to ensure better adhesion of the resin. To avoid the titanium showing through the resin, coating the posts with opaquer prior to veneering is recommended. The temporary is made with veneering resin. Integration of a metal reinforcement between the posts is recommended for bridge constructions.

Important: Prefabricated TAN posts cannot be used for the casting technique.

When inserting the posts, we recommend a tightening torque of: - 15 Ncm.

Important: The temporary abutments must not remain in situ for more than 6 months and the restoration must always be underoccluded in order to reduce lateral forces.

10. IMPRESSION TAKING

10.1 CONVENTIONAL IMPLANT LEVEL IMPRESSION TAKING

10.1.1 Intended use

- Closed-tray impression procedure
- Open-tray impression procedure

10.1.2 Characteristics

Simple

- Laser-marked and color-coded components for easy information transfer from mouth to master model
- Color-coded closed-tray Impression Post for easy information transfer from mouth to master model
- Guide screw can be tightened either by hand or with the SCS Screwdriver (15Ncm)

Reliable

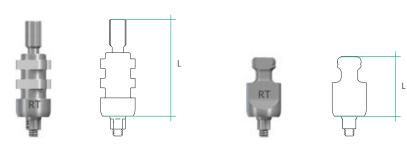
- Seating on top portion of implant shoulder ensures high accuracy
- Clear-cut tactile response from the prosthetic connection verifies proper seating of components
- Easy removal

Note: Open-tray impression procedure requires a custom-made tray or tray with perforations.

Impression posts are intended for single use to ensure optimal fit and precise impression taking for each patient.

Impression posts are supplied non-sterile.

10.1.3 Overview of Impression Post dimensions



L = length

	L = Length		
	Short Long		
Impression Post – Open tray	15 mm	21 mm	
Impression Post – Closed tray	9.5 mm	-	

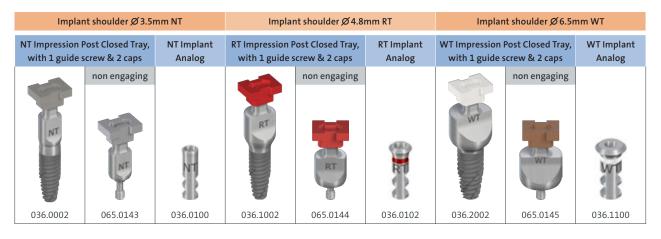






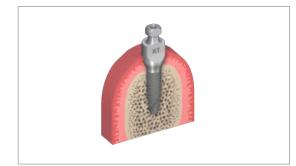


10.2 CLOSED-TRAY IMPRESSION PROCEDURE



The impression-taking procedures for implant shoulder Ø 3.5 mm NT, Ø 4.8 mm RT and implant shoulder Ø 6.5 mm WT are identical.

Important: Only the integral Impression Post must be used. The margin and the TorcFit[™] connection must not be damaged to ensure accuracy of the transfer procedure. The Impression Post is delivered non-sterile and intended for single use only.









Step 1 – Positioning the Impression Post

- Ensure sufficient access to the implant site in order to avoid pinching in the gingival tissue.
- Clean the internal configuration of the implant thoroughly from blood, tissue, etc. prior to the impression procedure.
- Place the Impression Post accurately into the implant and tighten the guide screw hand-tight using the SCS Screwdriver.

Note: Ensure that the lateral planar area of the post is facing mesial and distal.

- Place the polymer Impression Cap on top of the fixed Impression Post. Ensure that the color of the cap corresponds to the platform name or to the dots concept of the Impression Post and that the arrows are aligned with the oral-vestibular direction.
- Push the Impression Cap in an apical direction until it clicks. The Impression Cap is now firmly seated on the Impression Post.







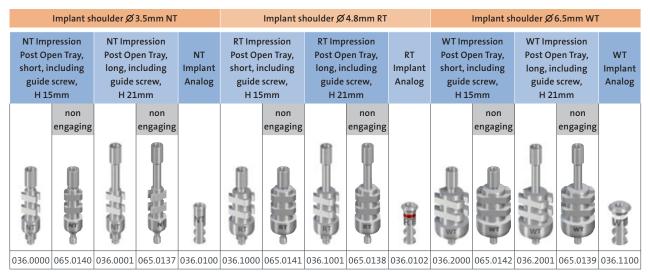
Step 2 – Impression taking

• Take the impression using an elastomeric impression material (polyvinyl siloxane or polyether rubber).

Note: Due to its low tensile strength, hydrocolloid is not suitable for this application.

- Once the material is cured, carefully remove the tray. The Impression Cap remains in the impression material and therefore is automatically pulled off from the Impression Post with the removal of the tray.
- Unscrew and remove the Impression Post and send it with the impression tray to the dental technician.

10.3 OPEN-TRAY IMPRESSION PROCEDURE

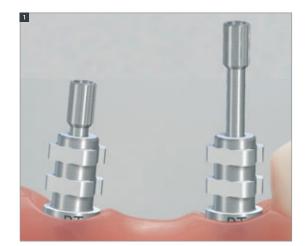


The open-tray impression-taking procedure for implant shoulder Ø 3.5 mm NT, Ø 4.8 mm RT and implant shoulder Ø 6.5 mm WT is identical.

For this impression procedure a custom-made tray or tray with perforations is needed.

Important: Only the integral Impression Post must be used. The margin and the TorcFit[™] connection must not be damaged to ensure accuracy of the transfer procedure. The Impression Post is delivered non-sterile and intended for single use only.





Step 1 – Positioning of the Impression Post

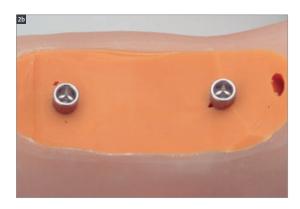
- Ensure sufficient access to the implant site in order to avoid pinching in the gingival tissue.
- Clean the internal configuration of the implant thoroughly from blood, tissue, etc. prior to the impression procedure.
- Place the Impression Post accurately into the implant and tighten the guide screw hand-tight using the SCS Screwdriver.



Step 2 – Impression taking

The custom-made tray (light-cured resin) contains perforations for the Impression Posts.

Note: Due to its low tensile strength, hydrocolloid is not suitable for this application.



The impression is taken using an elastomeric impression material (polyvinyl siloxane or polyether rubber).



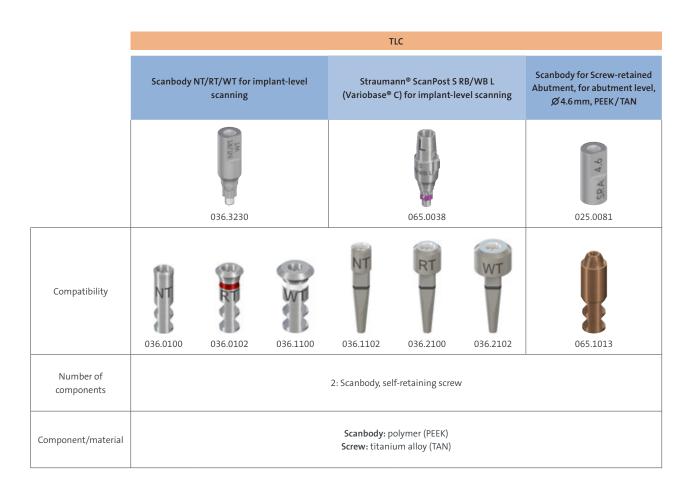


Step 3 – Once cured, the Impression Post is loosened and the impression is removed

10.4 DIGITAL IMPRESSIONS: STRAUMANN[®] SCANBODY

10.4.1 Product description

The Straumann[®] scanbodies represent the position and orientation of the respective dental implant or implant analog in CADCAM scanning procedures. This helps the CADCAM software to correctly align the subsequent CADCAM restorations.



For detailed instructions on how to use the Scanbody, please refer to Basic Information Straumann Scanbody (450.037/en).

11. FINAL RESTORATION

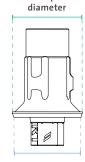
11.1 STRAUMANN[®] VARIOBASE[®]

The Straumann[®] Variobase[®] prosthetic components provide dental laboratories with the flexibility to create customized prosthetic restorations. In addition, Variobase[®] Abutments come with the benefit of the original Straumann[®] connection and the unique Straumann[®] engaging mechanism.





AH: Abutment height



Prosthetic platform

Implant platform diameter

NT	RT	WT
5.5 mm can be	6.0 mm can be	6.5 mm can be
reduced down to	reduced down to	reduced down to
3.5 mm	4 mm	4.5 mm

11.1.1 Variobase® component overview

The following Variobase[®] prosthetic components can be used on TorcFit[™] platforms for Tissue Level implants:

	NT	RT	WT
	Ø 3.5 mm	Ø 4.8 mm	Ø 6.5 mm
Abutments Variobase® for Crown	037.0201	037.1201	037.2201
Burn-out Copings for Variobase® for Crown	037.0211	037.1211	037.2211
Basal Screw for Variobase® for Crown		036.3110	

	NT	RT	WT
	Ø 3.5 mm	Ø 4.8 mm	Ø 6.5 mm
Abutments Variobase® for Crown AS	037.0203	037.0203	037.2203
Burn-out Copings for Variobase® for Crown AS	037.0212	037.1212	037.2212
Basal Screw for Variobase® for Crown AS		036.3111	

	NT	RT	WT	
	Ø 3.5 mm	Ø 4.8 mm	Ø 6.5 mm	
Abutments Variobase® for Bridge/Bar Cylindrical	037.0204	037.1204	037.2204	
Cementation Aid	160.3			
Burn-out Copings for Variobase® for Bridge/Bar Cylindrical	037.0213	037.1213	037.2213	
Basal Screw for Variobase® for Bridge/Bar Cylindrical		036.3110		

For detailed instructions on how to use Variobase[®] Abutments, please refer to *Straumann[®] Variobase[®] Basic Information* (702087/en).

Chairside implant-borne restoration with third-party CADCAM systems

Variobase® C is specifically designed to meet third-party CADCAM requirements. Variobase® C is compatible with the components used in the Sirona® CEREC® or in-lab CADCAM workflow.

	NT	RT	WT
	Ø 3.5 mm	Ø 4.8 mm	Ø 6.5 mm
Variobase® C*	037.0205	037.1205	037.2205
Sirona [®] Scanbody size	<u>سات (۲۵۳ میں (۲۵۳ می</u>		
			L
Material block screw-hole size	"S"	"	<u></u>
Replacement screw		036.3110	

* Available from Straumann®

Straumann[®] ScanPost is not required for TorcFit[™] for Tissue Level implants

Note:

- Please use Scanbody size L when using the Sirona[®] ScanPost[®].
- Order the Variobase® C via the Straumann sales channels.
- Order the Sirona[®] scanbody through the Sirona[®] distribution channels.
- Order the material block with pre-fabricated screw-channel through the material manufacturer's distribution channels.

For detailed instructions on how to use Variobase® Abutments, please refer to Straumann® Variobase® Basic Information (702087/en).

11.2 STRAUMANN® NOVALOC® ABUTMENTS

The Straumann® Novaloc® Retentive System for hybrid dentures offers an innovative carbon-based abutment coating (ADLC1) with excellent wear resistance, overcoming up to 60° implant divergence. Both the straight and 15° angled abutments are available in various abutment heights, covering a broad range of clinical implant situations. Together with its durable PEEK² matrices, the Novaloc® Retentive System provides a unique and long-lasting attachment performance.

Characteristics

- PEEK² matrix inserts offering excellent chemical and physical properties
- Matrix accommodates up to 40° prosthetic divergence between two abutments
- 6 retention strengths offer optimal adjustment of the denture retention
- Matrix Housing available in titanium, or color-neutral PEEK² for a higher aesthetic outcome
- Carbon-based abutment coating (ADLC¹) offers a smooth surface and ultimate hardness for excellent wear resistance

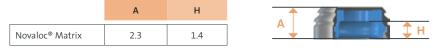
For detailed instructions on how to use Novaloc[®] Abutments with TorcFit[™] for Tissue Level implants, please refer to Straumann® Novaloc® Retentive System for Hybrid Dentures (702067/en).



¹ Amorphous Diamond-Like Carbon

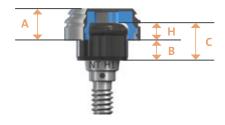
² Polyether ether ketone

Novaloc[®] Matrix dimensions for TorcFit[™] Tissue Level implants



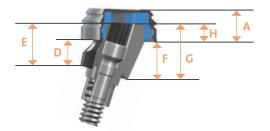
Novaloc[®] Straight Abutment dimensions for TorcFit[™] Tissue Level implants

		В	С
	Novaloc [®] H1	1.35	2.75
	Novaloc [®] H2	2.35	3.75
NT TorcFit™ Tissue	Novaloc [®] H3	3.35	4.75
Level implants	Novaloc [®] H4	4.35	5.75
	Novaloc [®] H5	5.35	6.75
	Novaloc [®] H6	6.35	7.75
	Novaloc [®] H1	1.5	2.9
	Novaloc [®] H2	2.5	3.9
RT TorcFit™ Tissue	Novaloc [®] H3	3.5	4.9
Level implants	Novaloc [®] H4	4.5	5.9
	Novaloc [®] H5	5.5	6.9
	Novaloc [®] H6	6.5	7.9
	Novaloc [®] H1	1.7	3.1
	Novaloc [®] H2	2.7	4.1
WT TorcFit™ Tissue	Novaloc [®] H3	3.7	5.1
Level implants	Novaloc® H4	4.7	6.1
	Novaloc® H5	5.7	7.1
	Novaloc [®] H6	6.7	8.1



Novaloc[®] Angled Abutment dimensions for TorcFit[™] Tissue Level implants

-					
		Short side		Long	side
		D	E	F	G
	Novaloc [®] H2	1.8	3.2	2.7	4.1
	Novaloc [®] H3	2.7	4.1	3.7	5.1
NT TorcFit™ Tissue Level implants	Novaloc [®] H4	3.7	5.1	4.6	6.0
	Novaloc [®] H5	4.7	6.1	5.6	7.0
	Novaloc [®] H6	5.6	7.0	6.6	8.0
	Novaloc [®] H2	1.8	3.2	3.0	4.4
	Novaloc [®] H3	2.7	4.1	4.0	5.4
RT TorcFit™ Tissue Level implants	Novaloc [®] H4	3.7	5.1	5.0	6.4
	Novaloc [®] H5	4.7	6.1	5.9	7.3
	Novaloc [®] H6	5.6	7.0	6.9	8.3
	Novaloc [®] H2	1.8	3.2	3.5	4.9
	Novaloc [®] H3	2.7	4.1	4.4	5.8
WT TorcFit™ Tissue Level implants	Novaloc [®] H4	3.7	5.1	5.4	6.8
	Novaloc [®] H5	4.7	6.1	6.4	7.8
	Novaloc [®] H6	5.6	7.0	7.3	8.7



11.3 STRAUMANN[®] CEMENTABLE ABUTMENTS STRAIGHT AND ANGLED FOR CROWNS AND BRIDGES

Intended use

Cement-retained restorations

Characteristics

- 0° and 15°
- Due to their design, angled abutments must not be trimmed or individually modified.
- A torque of **35 Ncm** is recommended for inserting the abutments.

In situations where a screw-retained solution is contraindicated, the dental technician can fabricate a cement-retained superstructure directly with this abutment.

Cement-retained bridge constructions in combination with implant shoulders of \emptyset 3.5 mm (NT), \emptyset 4.8 mm (RT) and \emptyset 6.5 mm (WT) are also possible. The abutment can be shortened on the master cast if required.

1

A) Fabrication of the superstructure

Insert the abutment in the Implant Analog for TorcFit[™] Tissue Level implant using an SCS Screwdriver.

Important: The abutment must be properly positioned in the TorcFit^m connection before the screw is tightened.

The screw is tightened by hand using the SCS Screwdriver

B) Processing the copings

Step 1 – Where occlusal space is limited, the abutment can be shortened and the post height shall not be shorter than 4.0 mm. **Important:** The abutment must not be ground laterally but only shortened occlusally to maintain proper stability.

Step 2 – To facilitate the working procedure, prefabricated burn-out plastic copings are available to the dental technician. The copings are made from burn-out plastic (POM).

The Plastic Copings feature a snap-on mechanism, which makes them easier to fix onto the TorcFit[™] for Tissue Level implants abutment. The snap-on mechanism of the BoC (3 small knobs inside the burn-out coping that click into the groove in the abutment) must be removed from the inside of the final cast in order for the crown to properly fit onto the abutment.

Step 3 – The Plastic Copings can also be shortened and are adjusted to the height of the shortened abutment.

The occlusal opening is sealed temporarily with wax or plastic. Waxing up then takes place directly over the Plastic Coping.









Step 4 – The investment material must be matched to the casting alloy used (follow the manufacturer's directions and recommendations).

Important: Burn-out plastics are characterized by the fact that they swell up when they are burned out. For this reason it is important that the outside of the Plastic Coping is completely covered with wax. The wax burns off and therefore creates sufficient space in the mold for expansion when burned out in the oven. There must be a wax layer of at least 0.3 mm in the marginal region (do not wax above the delicate margin). If there is insufficient waxing in the marginal region of the coping, there is a risk that the frustum will break in the interior of the invested coping, due to the effects of the expansion of the plastic in the mold.



Step 5 – The construction can now be veneered in the conventional way. The veneering materials must be matched to the alloy used (follow the manufacturer's directions and recommendations).



Fitting the final restoration

The restoration is delivered to the dentist with the original abutments on the master cast.

Remove the Healing Cap or temporary restoration. Thoroughly clean and dry the interior of the implants.

Unscrew the screws of the abutments from the master cast using an SCS Screwdriver and transfer the abutment to the patient's mouth. Use the SCS Screwdriver attached to the mounted Basal Screw for the transfer.

Important: Properly position the cleaned TorcFit[™] for Tissue Level implants cementable Abutment without the use of cement.

Tighten the abutment screw with the SCS Screwdriver along with the Ratchet (046.119) and Torque Control Device (046.049 or 066.1100).

Important: The abutment must first be properly positioned in the TorcFit[™] connection of the implant before the screw is tightened.

Important: When the superstructure is cemented on top of the angled cementable abutment, the occlusal openings must be first re-sealed with wax or gutta-percha.

11.4 STRAUMANN[®] GOLD ABUTMENTS

Intended use

- Screw-retained or cement-retained crowns and bridges
- · Cement-retained bridges via mesostructure (custom abutment technique)
- Telescopic crowns and telescopic bridges

Characteristics

Simple

• Easy wax-up and protection of the screw channel due to modelling aid (burn-out polymer)

Reliable

- Excess cement is easily removed by raising the cement margin using an individually designed mesostructure
- TorcFit[™] connection

Note: For screw-retained bridges the gold abutment for bridge must be used.

NT RT wт H 3 mm H 3.6 mm H4mm Gold Abutment, for Crown 037.0300 037.1300 037.2300 Gold Abutment, for Bridge 037.0301 037.1301 037.2301 NT/RT/WT Basal Screw 036.3110

Portfolio



The Straumann[®] TLC Implant System has a simple and consistent laser marking for quick and precise identification of secondary parts and auxiliaries. For the TorcFit[™] for Tissue Level implants Gold Abutment the laser marking is replaced by little grooves that are positioned at the bottom of the Gold Abutment.

This concept allows for correct identification of matching components and simplifies the communication between the individuals involved in the treatment process.

	Implant diameters	Gold Abutment, crown	Gold Abutment, bridge
NT (Narrow TorcFit™)	Ø 3.3 mm Ø 3.75 mm		
RT (Regular TorcFit™)	Ø 3.3 mm Ø 3.75 mm Ø 4.5 mm		
WT (Wide TorcFit™)	Ø 4.5 mm Ø 5.5 mm Ø 6.5 mm		68

For detailed instructions on how to use Gold Abutments, please refer to *Straumann® synOcta® Prosthetic System, Basic Information* (702163/en).

11.5 STRAUMANN® CARES® ABUTMENTS

Intended use

- Cement-retained crowns
- Cement-retained bridges via mesostructure
- Screw-retained (CARES® TAN), directly venerable crowns

Material

- Titanium-Aluminum-Niobium (TAN)
- Cobalt-chromium alloy (coron®)

Characteristics

- Screw-retained one piece metal restorations
- Anatomical emergence profile
- A patient-specific emergence profile
- Straumann[®] Guarantee for Straumann[®] CARES[®] Abutments
- CoCr for direct veneering
- Straumann[®] CARES[®] Abutment CoCr with Angled Solution (AS)

For detailed instructions on how to use CARES[®] abutments, please refer to *Straumann[®] CARES[®] Implant-borne prosthetics, Basic Information* (702165/en).

11.6 STRAUMANN[®] PRE-MILLED ABUTMENT BLANKS (PMAB)

Intended use

- Cement-retained crowns
- Cement-retained bridges

Material

• Titanium-Aluminum-Niobium (TAN)

Characteristics

- Produce original Straumann[®] one-piece customized titanium-alloy abutments with your in-house milling equipment.
- Straumann[®] Pre-milled Abutment Blanks are compatible with the MEDENTiKA[®] Pre-Face Blank holder and the Amann Girrbach Blank holder used in the Straumann[®] CARES[®] M series.







Note: RB, WB, NT, RT, WT PMAB (TAN) are not for direct veneering.

11.7 STRAUMANN[®] SCREW-RETAINED BARS AND BRIDGES (SRBB)

Intended use

Straumann[®] CARES[®] SRBB are prosthetic mesostructures, either directly screwed to the endosseous dental implant or to the screw-retained abutment intended as an aid in prosthetic re-habilitations for multiple-tooth replacement or fully edentulous patients.

Material

- Titanium grade 4
- Cobalt-chromium alloy (coron[®])

Important note for CARES® SRBB on Straumann® Screw-retained Abutments

Please keep in mind that CARES® SRBB are milled based on their master cast. Therefore, a precise replication of the oral situation is essential for a good fitting of the CARES® SRBBs.

Master models with subsequently hand-tightened (< 35 Ncm) abutments may not accurately represent the oral situation and therefore could lead to to a poor fitting restoration with height and alignment deviations, although it will fit the model. Therefore, if abutments subsequently need to be placed on the master model, only a torque of 35 Ncm will adequately represent the final oral situation. The subsequently placed abutment should be rotated so that it fits against one end of the implant/abutment interface's play and the dentist must be informed that the abutment has to be rotated in the same direction during oral placement.

If an SRBB on subsequently placed Screw-retained Abutments is ordered, the stone model with the torqued abutments is required for production.

For detailed instructions on how to use CARES[®] abutments, please refer to *Straumann[®] CARES[®] Implant-borne prosthetics, Basic Information* (702165/en).

Straumann[®] CARES[®] SRBB working conditions

	CARES [®] SRBB are	U	ompensation two platforms	Screws for Straumann [®] CARES [®] SRBB	
	following Straumann® platforms		Ti	coron®	
Implant Level	Straumann® TLC Implants	Narrow TorcFit™ (NT) Regular TorcFit™ (RT) Wide TorcFit™ (WT)	40°		Basal Screw, straight, TAN 036.3110
Abutment	Straumann® Screw-retained Abutment	Ø 4.6 mm	50°	40°	NC/RC Occlusal Screw, TAN for Coping, Screw-retained Abutment 023.4763
level	Screw-retained Abutment	Ø 3.5 mm	30°	30°	Screw-retained Adulment 023.4763

Important: when combining different platforms with each other, the smallest divergence compensation value applies.

Note

- Straumann[®] Repositionable Implant Analogs are not intended to be used for Straumann[®] CARES[®] SRBB. Straumann[®] may return the order if the requirements are not fulfilled.
- Always use new abutment-/occlusal-screws for patient use.
- The screws delivered with the CARES[®] SRBB are meant for patient use. For additional screws in case of loss or for lab use, only use the screws listed in the chart above.



11.8 STRAUMANN® CARES® SCAN & SHAPE

CARES[®] Scan & Shape allows you benefit from the knowledge and experience of a highly trained team of CADCAM dental experts to provide a tailored design service. The concept is designed to ensure the best possible fit of the final restorations. You can now order: customized abutments^{*}, CARES[®] Screw-retained Bars and Bridges (SRBB), CARES[®] X-Stream[™] Restorative Options and tooth-borne restorations via Scan & Shape.^{*}

Whether you're expanding your business or you have an existing staff member out for an extended period of time, we're open 24/7 so you don't have to be.

Ordering process

- The CARES[®] Scan & Shape online ordering platform provides a one-stop-shop for all your customized prosthetics.
- Send digital files of the master cast or of the intra-oral situation by using our STL-File upload service.
- Traditional workflows send us your master cast and/or wax-up model*.

Premium Straumann Service

- Custom-made abutment design
- Straumann[®] Original connection
- · Straumann precision fit between implant and abutment

Compatible solutions

- Provides a streamlined "one-stop shop" and an efficient digital workflow.
- Benefit from Straumann[®] CARES[®] Scan & Shape services for customized abutments and CARES[®] X-Stream[™] single restoration for all major implant platforms.

Note: For detailed information on all Straumann[®] CARES[®] offerings, please see *Basic Information Straumann[®] CARES[®] Scan & Shape* (702168/en).

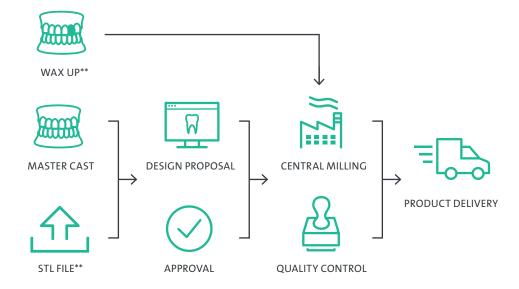
* Not all products, services and workflows are available in all countries. Please contact your sales representative for a detailed overview.

11.8.1 Straumann[®] CARES[®] Scan & Shape workflow overview^{*}

Even CADCAM proficient labs can take advantage of our design service. If you are using 3Shape[®], exocad[®], Dental Wings[®] or any other dental-design software you can simply upload your STL files of the master cast or of the intra-oral situation.

Digital functionality**

- Upload your case from any open system such as 3Shape[®], exocad[®], Dental Wings[®], etc.
- Upload your STL file of the lower jaw, upper jaw, bite registration, together with a scan of the diagnostic wax-up for SRBBs.



Simple workflow

Log onto Straumann[®] CARES[®] Scan & Shape Online

- Send us your STL files, ship us your models or wax-ups**
- Manage your orders online anytime around the clock
- Receive your CARES[®] prosthetics just the way you want it

Scan & Shape online platform product portfolio

For a complete overview of the Straumann® CARES® Scan & Shape product portfolio, consult *Straumann® CARES® Scan & Shape*, *Basic Information* (702168/en) or contact your local Straumann® representative.



* Not all products, services and workflows are available in all countries.

** STL File upload option and model workflow may vary from country to country.

Not all products are available through wax up workflow. Please contact your local sales representative for a detailed overview of the available workflows and products.

11.9 SMILE IN A BOX®

Smile in a Box[®] is a flexible treatment planning and manufacturing service which helps to grow and develop your dental practice. This service drives value by improving patient acceptance and allowing access to digital dentistry without investment. Gain more efficiency by reducing chair time with immediate treatment protocols. Increase the level of confidence in implant placement trough a more predictable workflow using guided surgery. Focus on your passion by choosing what you outsource to us and what steps to keep in house. Scale your business - no matter where you are in your practice growth plans.



12. FURTHER INFORMATION

For further information, please consult the following brochures:

- Straumann[®] Modular Cassette, Basic Information (702527/en)
- Straumann[®] VeloDrill[™] System for Guided Surgery, Basic Information (702526/en)
- Straumann[®] Drill stop, Basic Information (702874/en)
- Straumann[®] Modular Cassette Selection Guide, Basic Information (702824/en)
- Straumann[®] Bone Level Prosthetic Procedures, Basic Information (702061/en)
- Straumann[®] Variobase[®] Basic Information (702087/en)
- Straumann[®] Novaloc[®] Retentive System for Hybrid Dentures (702067/en)
- Straumann[®] CARES[®] Implant-borne prosthetics, Basic Information (702165/en)
- Straumann[®] CARES[®] Scan & Shape, Basic Information (702168/en)
- Straumann[®] Scanbody, Basic Information (450.037/en)

13. PRODUCT REFERENCE LIST

Some items of the Straumann[®] Dental Implant System are not available in all countries.

13.1 TLC STANDARD PLUS IMPLANTS SLACTIVE®

Art. No.	Image	Article	Dimensions	Material
035.70085	(B))		Ø 3.3 mm NT SLActive® 8 mm	
035.70105			Ø 3.3 mm NT SLActive® 10 mm	
035.70125			Ø 3.3 mm NT SLActive® 12 mm	
035.70145		Straumann [®] TLC SP implants	Ø 3.3 mm NT SLActive® 14 mm	Roxolid®
035.70165			Ø 3.3 mm NT SLActive® 16 mm	
035.70185			Ø 3.3 mm NT SLActive® 18 mm	
035.71085			Ø 3.3 mm RT SLActive® 8 mm	
035.71105			Ø 3.3 mm RT SLActive® 10 mm	
035.71125			Ø 3.3 mm RT SLActive® 12 mm	Develid®
035.71145		Straumann [®] TLC SP implants	Ø 3.3 mm RT SLActive® 14 mm	Roxolid®
035.71165			Ø 3.3 mm RT SLActive® 16 mm	
035.71185			Ø 3.3 mm RT SLActive® 18 mm	
035.72065			Ø 3.75 mm NT SLActive® 6 mm	
035.72085			Ø 3.75 mm NT SLActive® 8 mm	-
035.72105			Ø 3.75 mm NT SLActive® 10 mm	
035.72125		Straumann [®] TLC SP implants	Ø 3.75 mm NT SLActive® 12 mm	Roxolid®
035.72145			Ø 3.75 mm NT SLActive® 14 mm	
035.72165			Ø 3.75 mm NT SLActive® 16 mm	
035.72185			Ø 3.75 mm NT SLActive® 18 mm	
035.73065			Ø 3.75 mm RT SLActive® 6 mm	
035.73085			Ø 3.75 mm RT SLActive [®] 8 mm	-
035.73105			Ø 3.75 mm RT SLActive [®] 10 mm	-
035.73125	Straumann® TLC SP im	Straumann [®] TLC SP implants	Ø 3.75 mm RT SLActive [®] 12 mm	Roxolid®
035.73145			Ø 3.75 mm RT SLActive® 14 mm	
035.73165	1		Ø 3.75 mm RT SLActive® 16 mm	
035.73185			Ø 3.75 mm RT SLActive® 18 mm	
035.75065			Ø 4.5 mm RT SLActive® 6 mm	
035.75085			Ø 4.5 mm RT SLActive [®] 8 mm	-
035.75105			Ø 4.5 mm RT SLActive [®] 10 mm	-
035.75125		Straumann [®] TLC SP implants	Ø 4.5 mm RT SLActive [®] 12 mm	Roxolid®
035.75145	1		Ø 4.5 mm RT SLActive® 14 mm	-
035.75165	12		Ø 4.5 mm RT SLActive® 16 mm	
035.75185			∅4.5 mm RT SLActive® 18 mm	
035.76065			Ø 4.5 mm WT SLActive® 6 mm	
035.76085	S STATE OF		Ø 4.5 mm WT SLActive [®] 8 mm	-
035.76105			Ø 4.5 mm WT SLActive [®] 10 mm	-
035.76125		Straumann [®] TLC SP implants	Ø 4.5 mm WT SLActive® 12 mm	Roxolid®
035.76145	10		Ø 4.5 mm WT SLActive® 14 mm	
035.76165			Ø 4.5 mm WT SLActive® 16 mm	
035.76185			Ø4.5 mm WT SLActive® 18 mm	1
035.77065			Ø 5.5 mm WT SLActive® 6 mm	
035.77085			Ø 5.5 mm WT SLActive® 8 mm	-
035.77105			Ø 5.5 mm WT SLActive® 10 mm	
035.77125		Straumann [®] TLC SP implants	Ø 5.5 mm WT SLActive® 12 mm	Roxolid®
035.77145			Ø 5.5 mm WT SLActive® 14 mm	
035.77165	1		∅ 5.5 mm WT SLActive® 16 mm	
035.78065			Ø 6.5 mm WT SLActive® 6 mm	
035.78085			Ø 6.5 mm WT SLActive® 8 mm	1
		1		1
035.78105			Ø6.5 mm WT SLActive® 10 mm	
		Straumann [®] TLC SP implants	Ø 6.5 mm WT SLActive® 10 mm Ø 6.5 mm WT SLActive® 12 mm	Roxolid®
035.78105		Straumann® TLC SP implants		- Roxolid®

13.2 CLOSURE CAPS

Art. No.	Image	Article	Dimensions	Material
036.32005			Ø 2.7 mm, H 0 mm	
036.32005V4	T	NT/RT/WT Closure Cap	2.7 mm, H 0 mm	
036.02015	() ()			
036.02015V4		NT Closure Cap	Ø4mm, H 1.5 mm	Titanium
036.12015	Sur			
036.12015V4		RT Closure Cap	Ø 5.5 mm, H 1.5 mm	

13.3 HEALING CAPS

Art. No.	Image	Article	Dimensions	Material
036.0203S	Ŷ	NT Healing Cap	Ø4mm, H3mm	
036.02045	Ŷ	NT Healing Cap	Ø4mm, H 4.5 mm	
036.12025	Ŷ	RT Healing Cap	Ø 5.5 mm, H 2 mm	
036.12035	Ŷ	RT Healing Cap	Ø 5.5 mm, H 3 mm	
036.12045	Ŷ	RT Healing Cap	Ø 5.5 mm, H 4.5 mm	Titanium
036.22025	9	WT Healing Cap	Ø 7.2 mm, H 2 mm	
036.22035		WT Healing Cap	Ø 7.2 mm, H 3 mm	
036.22045	Ŷ	WT Healing Cap	Ø 7.2 mm, H 4.5 mm	

13.4 IMPRESSION POSTS

Art. No.	Image	Article	Dimensions	Material
036.0000		NT Impression Post Open Tray		
036.1000		RT Impression Post Open Tray	short, including guide screw, H 15 mm	
036.2000		WT Impression Post Open Tray		
036.0001		NT Impression Post Open Tray		TAN (Titan alloy)
036.1001		RT Impression Post Open Tray	long, including guide screw, H 21 mm	
036.2001		WT Impression Post Open Tray		
036.0002	100	NT Impression Post Closed Tray		
036.1002		RT Impression Post Closed Tray	with 1 guide screw & 2 caps	TAN (Titan alloy)/ POM
036.2002	12	WT Impression Post Closed Tray		
065.0140		NT Impression Post Open Tray	_	
065.0141		RT Impression Post Open Tray	Short, incl. guide screw, H 15 mm, non-engaging	
065.0142		WT Impression Post Open Tray	non engagnig	
065.0137		NT Impression Post Open Tray		- TAN
065.0138		RT Impression Post Open Tray	Long, incl. guide screw, H 21 mm, non-engaging	
065.0139		WT Impression Post Open Tray	- non-engagnig	
065.0143		NT Impression Post Closed Tray		
065.0144		RT Impression Post Closed Tray	With 1 guide screw & 2 caps, non-engaging	TAN (Titan alloy)/ POM
065.0145		WT Impression Post Closed Tray		

13.5 IMPLANT ANALOGS

Art. No.	Image	Article	Dimensions	Material
036.0100		NT Implant Analog		
036.0102		RT Implant Analog	L 12 mm	TAN (Titan alloy)
036.1100	() Bee	WT Implant Analog		

13.6 REPOSITIONABLE IMPLANT ANALOGS

Art. No.	Image	Article	Dimensions	Material
036.1102	F	NT Repositionable Implant Analog		
030.1102				
036.2100		RT Repositionable Implant Analog		Stainless steel
036.2102		WT Repositionable Implant Analog		

13.7 SCANBODY

Art. No.	Image	Article	Dimensions	Material
036.3230	LIM ED	Scanbody NT/RT/WT	Ø4.0 mm, H10 mm	Stainless steel

13.8 BASAL SCREWS

Art. No.	Image	Article	Dimensions	Material
036.3110		NT/RT/WT Basal Screw		
036.3111		NT/RT/WT Basal Screw AS		TAN (Titan alloy)

13.9 TEMPORARY ABUTMENTS

Art. No.	Image	Article	Dimensions	Material
037.0000		NT Temporary Abutment, for Crown		
037.1000		RT Temporary Abutment, for Crown		
037.2000		WT Temporary Abutment, for Crown		
037.0001		NT Temporary Abutment, for Bridge	H 10.3 mm	TAN (Titan alloy)
037.1001	-	RT Temporary Abutment, for Bridge		
037.2001		WT Temporary Abutment, for Bridge		

13.10 VARIOBASE® FOR CROWN

Art. No.	Image	Article	Dimensions	Material
Abutments				
037.0201		NT Variobase [®] for Crown including Screw	Ø 4 mm, AH 5.5 mm	
037.1201	÷	RT Variobase® for Crown including Screw	Ø 5 mm, AH 6 mm	TAN (Titan alloy)
037.2201	-	WT Variobase® for Crown including Screw	Ø7mm, AH 6.5 mm	
Burn-out Cop	ings			
037.0211		NT Burn-out Coping for Variobase® for Crown	– AH 5.5 mm	
037.0211V4		NT Burn-out Coping for Variobase® for Crown		
037.1211		RT Burn-out Coping for Variobase® for Crown		
037.1211V4		RT Burn-out Coping for Variobase® for Crown	AH 6 mm	POM
037.2211		WT Burn-out Coping for Variobase® for Crown		
037.2211V4		WT Burn-out Coping for Variobase® for Crown	- AH 6.5 mm	

13.11 VARIOBASE® FOR CROWN AS

Art. No.	Image	Article	Dimensions	Material
Abutments	-			
037.0203		NT Variobase® for Crown AS including Screw	Ø4mm, AH 6.5 mm	
037.1203		RT Variobase® for Crown AS including Screw	Ø5mm, AH7mm	TAN (Titan alloy)
037.2203	-	WT Variobase® for Crown AS including Screw	Ø 7 mm, AH 7.5 mm	
Burn-out Co	pings		_	
037.0212		NT Burn-out Coping 25°, for Variobase® for Crown AS	AH 6.5 mm	
037.1212		RT Burn-out Coping 25°, for Variobase® for Crown AS	AH 7 mm	POM
037.2212		WT Burn-out Coping 25°, for Variobase® for Crown AS	AH 7.5 mm	-
Instruments	and Accessories	·		
046.786		AS Screwdriver for Ratchet, extra-short	L 15 mm	
046.787		AS Screwdriver for Ratchet, short	L21mm	-
046.788		AS Screwdriver for Ratchet, long	L 27 mm	
046.789		AS Screwdriver for Handpiece, extra-short	L 20 mm	TAN (Titan alloy)
046.790	û)_/	AS Screwdriver for Handpiece, short	L26mm]
046.791		AS Screwdriver for Handpiece, long	L 32 mm	
046.792		AS Screwdriver Handling Aid		

13.12 VARIOBASE® FOR BRIDGE/BAR CYLINDRICAL

Art. No.	Image	Article	Dimensions	Material
Abutments				
037.0204		NT Variobase® for Bridge/Bar Cylindrical including Screw	AH 3.5 mm	
037.1204	-	RT Variobase® for Bridge/Bar Cylindrical including Screw	AH 4.0 mm	TAN (Titan alloy)
037.2204	-	WT Variobase® for Bridge/Bar Cylindrical including Screw	AH 4.5 mm	
Burn-out Cop	oings			
037.0213		NT Purp out Coping for Variabaca® for Dridge /Par	AH 3.5 mm	
037.0213V4		NT Burn-out Coping for Variobase® for Bridge/Bar		
037.1213				
037.1213V4		RT Burn-out Coping for Variobase® for Bridge/Bar	AH 4 mm	POM
037.2213				
037.2213V4		WT Burn-out Coping for Variobase® for Bridge/Bar	AH 4.5 mm	

13.13 VARIOBASE® C

Art. No.	Image	Article	Dimensions	Material	
Abutments	Abutments				
037.0205		NT Variobase® C			
037.1205		RT Variobase® C		TAN (Titan alloy)	
037.2205		WT Variobase® C			

13.14 CEMENTABLE ABUTMENTS

Art. No.	Image	Article	Dimensions	Material		
Abutments	Abutments					
037.0100		NT Cementable Abutment straight 0°, for crowns/bridges				
037.1100	Ŵ	RT Cementable Abutment straight 0°, for crowns/bridges	AH 5.7 mm			
037.2100	Ŵ	WT Cementable Abutment straight 0°, for crowns/bridges				
037.0101	A REAL	NT Cementable Abutment angled 15°		TAN (Titan alloy)		
037.1101		RT Cementable Abutment, angled 15°	AH 6 mm			
037.2101		WT Cementable Abutment, angled 15°				
Burn-out Cop	pings		1			
037.0110		NT Burn-out Coping, for cementable abutment straight 0° for crown				
037.1110		RT Burn-out Coping, for cementable abutment straight 0° for crown	AH 6.2 mm	POM		
037.2110		WT Burn-out Coping, for cementable abutment straight 0° for crown				
037.0112		NT Burn-out Coping, for cementable abutment angled 15° for crowns & bridges				
037.1112		RT Burn-out Coping, for cementable abutment angled 15° for crowns & bridges	AH 6.5 mm			
037.2112		WT Burn-out Coping, for cementable abutment angled 15° for crowns & bridges				
037.0111		NT Burn-out Coping, for cementable abutment straight 0° for bridge				
037.1111		RT Burn-out Coping, for cementable abutment straight 0° for bridge	AH 6.2 mm			
037.2111		WT Burn-out Coping, for cementable abutment straight 0° for bridge	AH 6.5 mm			

13.15 GOLD ABUTMENTS

Art. No.	Image	Article	Dimensions	Material
037.0300	0	NT Gold Abutment, crown	H 3 mm	
037.1300		RT Gold Abutment, crown	H 3.6 mm	
037.2300	0	WT Gold Abutment, crown	H4mm	Corora inc. r® /DOAA
037.0301	0	NT Gold Abutment, bridge	H 3 mm	Ceramicor [®] /POM
037.1301		RT Gold Abutment, bridge	H 3.6 mm	
037.2301	0	WT Gold Abutment, bridge	H4mm	

13.16 PRE-MILLED ABUTMENT BLANKS

Art. No.	Image	Article	Dimensions	Material
037.0600		NT Pre-Milled Abutment Blank for MEDENTiKA® Holder		
037.1600		RT Pre-Milled Abutment Blank for MEDENTiKA® Holder	Ø11.5 mm	
037.2600		WT Pre-Milled Abutment Blank for MEDENTiKA® Holder		
037.0601		NT Pre-Milled Abutment Blank for MEDENTiKA® Holder		
037.1601		RT Pre-Milled Abutment Blank for MEDENTiKA® Holder	Ø15.8 mm	TAN (Titan alloy)
037.2601		WT Pre-Milled Abutment Blank for MEDENTiKA® Holder		
037.0610		NT Pre-Milled Abutment Blank for CARES®		
037.1610		RT Pre-Milled Abutment Blank for CARES®	Ø12mm	
037.2610		WT Pre-Milled Abutment Blank for CARES®		

13.17 NOVALOC® ABUTMENTS

Art. No.	Image	Article	Dimensions	Material
Novaloc [®] , stra	ight			
037.0500		NT Novaloc® ADLC, straight 0°		
037.1500) =	RT Novaloc® ADLC, straight 0°	H1	
037.2500	3	WT Novaloc® ADLC, straight 0°		
037.0501		NT Novaloc® ADLC, straight 0°		
037.1501) =	RT Novaloc® ADLC, straight 0°	H2	
037.2501		WT Novaloc® ADLC, straight 0°		
037.0502	0	NT Novaloc® ADLC, straight 0°		
037.1502	0	RT Novaloc® ADLC, straight 0°	НЗ	
037.2502		WT Novaloc® ADLC, straight 0°		
037.0503		NT Novaloc® ADLC, straight 0°		TAV
037.1503	1	RT Novaloc® ADLC, straight 0°	H4	
037.2503		WT Novaloc® ADLC, straight 0°		
037.0504		NT Novaloc® ADLC, straight 0°		
037.1504	0	RT Novaloc® ADLC, straight 0°	H5	
037.2504		WT Novaloc® ADLC, straight 0°		
037.0505		NT Novaloc® ADLC, straight 0°		
037.1505	Q	RT Novaloc® ADLC, straight 0°	H6	
037.2505		WT Novaloc® ADLC, straight 0°		
Novaloc [®] , ang	led		1	1
037.0510		NT Novaloc [®] ADLC, angled 15°	H2	-
037.1510		RT Novaloc® ADLC, angled 15°	H2	-
037.2510	•	WT Novaloc® ADLC, angled 15°	H2	
037.0511		NT Novaloc® ADLC, angled 15°	Н3	
037.1511		RT Novaloc® ADLC, angled 15°	НЗ	-
037.2511	S	WT Novaloc® ADLC, angled 15°	НЗ	
037.0512		NT Novaloc [®] ADLC, angled 15°	H4	
037.1512		RT Novaloc® ADLC, angled 15°	H4	TAV
037.2512		WT Novaloc® ADLC, angled 15°	H4	
037.0513		NT Novaloc® ADLC, angled 15°	Н5	
037.1513		RT Novaloc® ADLC, angled 15°	Н5	-
037.2513		WT Novaloc® ADLC, angled 15°	Н5	
037.0514		NT Novaloc [®] ADLC, angled 15°	H6	1
037.1514		RT Novaloc® ADLC, angled 15°	H6	
037.2514		WT Novaloc [®] ADLC, angled 15°	H6	
		I	1	1

CE 0481 * Manufacturer: Valoc AG, Theodorshofweg 22, 4310 Rheinfelden, Switzerland Distributor: Institut Straumann AG, Peter Merian-Weg 12, 4002 Basel, Switzerland

Art. No.	Image	Article	Dimensions	Material	
Auxiliaries*					
2010.721-STM		Novaloc® Model Analog, blue, 4 pcs			
2010.720-STM		Novaloc® Model Analog - Angled 15°, red, 4 pcs	-	Aluminum	
2010.722-STM	2.5	Novaloc [®] Impression Coping, red, 4 pcs	-	PEEK	
Retention Inser	rts*				
	G	Novaloc [®] Processing Package			
		Matrix Housing (including Processing Insert), 2 pcs		Titanium / POM	
2010 601 6714		Retention Insert White - Light, 2 pcs	Light, approx. 750g		
2010.601-STM		Retention Insert Yellow - Medium, 2 pcs	Medium, approx. 1200g	PEEK	
		Retention Insert Green - Strong, 2 pcs	Strong, approx. 1650g		
		Processing Collar, 2 pcs		Silicone	
	9	Novaloc [®] Processing Package PEEK			
		Matrix Housing PEEK (including Processing Insert), 2 pcs	-		
		Retention Insert White - Light, 2 pcs	Light, approx. 750g	PEEK / POM	
2010.611-STM		Retention Insert Yellow - Medium, 2 pcs	Medium, approx. 1200g		
		Retention Insert Green - Strong, 2 pcs	Strong, approx. 1650g		
		Processing Collar, 2 pcs		Silicone	
2010.710-STM		Novaloc [®] Retention Insert Red - Extra-Light, 4 pcs	Extra-light, approx. 300g		
2010.711-STM	8	Novaloc® Retention Insert White - Light, 4 pcs	Light, approx. 750g		
2010.712-STM	9	Novaloc [®] Retention Insert Yellow - Medium, 4 pcs	Medium, approx. 1200g		
2010.713-STM		Novaloc® Retention Insert Green - Strong, 4 pcs	Strong, approx. 1650g	- PEEK	
2010.714-STM	6	Novaloc® Retention Insert Blue - Extra-Strong, 4 pcs	Extra-strong, approx. 2100g	_	
2010.715-STM	8	Novaloc® Retention Insert Black - Ultra-Strong, 4 pcs	Ultra-strong, approx. 2550g		
Auxiliaries*					
2010.701-STM	2.3 Ø 5.5	Novaloc® Matrix Housing (including Processing Insert), 4 pcs		Titanium / POM	
2010.702-STM	2.3 Ø 5.5	Novaloc® Matrix Housing PEEK (including Processing Insert), 4 pcs		PEEK / POM	
2010.703-STM		Novaloc® Matrix Housing - Extended (including Processing Insert), 4 pcs		Titanium / POM	

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13.18 INSTRUMENTS

13.18.1 A Module – Order list

Art. No.	Image	Product
041.761		Straumann® Modular Cassette, A Module
041.766		A Module Ratchet Tray
046.119		Ratchet
066.1100	Zohannen Burgical	Torque Control Device
046.064	\$ Parameter 100 100	Holding Key
041.764		Grommet Tray, 3 small + 3 large
046.400		SCS Screwdriver for Ratchet, extra-short
046.401		SCS Screwdriver for Ratchet, short
046.402		SCS Screwdriver for Ratchet, long
046.410	046.410	SCS Screwdriver for Handpiece, extra short
046.411	046,411	SCS Screwdriver for Handpiece, short
046.412	e=046,412	SCS Screwdriver for Handpiece, long
041.771	No.	Implant Depth Gauge Tray
066.2000		Implant Depth Gauge
041.762	A CONTRACTOR	Grommet Tray, 6 small

Art. No.	Image	Product
036.3300	er TLX RT	RT Profile Drill, short, for implants Ø 3.75/Ø 4.8 mm
036.3302		WT Profile Drill, short, for im- plants Ø 5.5 mm
036.3301	eft TLX-RT	RT Profile Drill, long, for implants Ø 3.75/Ø 4.8 mm
036.3303	en TLX-WT	WT Profile Drill, long, for implants Ø 5.5 mm
044.304	C 044,304 RV/RT	Bone Profiler for RT, length 28 mm
044.305	044.305 WAVWT	Bone Profiler for WT, length 25 mm
049.4065	X11 Jam	TLX/TLC Guiding Cylinder, length 9.8 mm, Ø 3.6 mm

For details see Straumann® Modular Cassette Selection Guide (702824/en).

13.18.2 B Module – Order list

Art. No.	Image	Product
041.776		Straumann® Modular Cassette, B Module, Base + Lid
041.787		B Module, TorcFit™ BLC/TLC/BLX/TLX Tray
041.785		B Module, TorcFit™ BLC/TLC Tray (for implant up to Ø4,5 mm)
044.003	E. O	Roundburr, Ø 2.3 mm, stainless steel.
044.004		Roundburr, Ø3.1mm, stainless steel.
026.0056		Needle Drill, long, Ø 1.6 mm, L 41mm, stainless steel
066.1501	666.1501 a2.2	X Pilot VeloDrill™, guided, Ø2.2 mm, medium, stainless steel
066.1502	666.1502 p2.8	X VeloDrill™, guided, Ø 2.8 mm, medium, stainless steel
066.1503	066.4503 p3.2	X VeloDrill™, guided, Ø 3.2 mm, medium, stainless steel
066.1504	E 066:1504 p3.5	X VeloDrill™, guided, Ø 3.5 mm, medium, stainless steel
066.1505	E 066.1505 p3.7	X VeloDrill™, guided, Ø 3.7 mm, medium, stainless steel
066.1506	066.1506 p4.2	X VeloDrill™, guided, Ø 4.2 mm, medium, stainless steel
066.1507	C 066.1507 p4.7	X VeloDrill™, guided, Ø 4.7 mm, medium, stainless steel
066.1508	C 066.1508 p5.2	X VeloDrill™, guided, Ø 5.2 mm, medium, stainless steel
066.1509	066.1509 p6.2	X VeloDrill™, guided, Ø 6.2 mm, medium, stainless steel
034.362	034.362 ø3.3	BLC/TLC Profile Drill, short, FIBA compatible, Ø 3.3 mm, L 27 mm, stainless steel
034.363	L 034.363 ø3.75	BLC/TLC Profile Drill, short, FIBA compatible, Ø 3.75 mm, L 26 mm, stainless steel
034.365	034.365 p4.5	BLC/TLC Profile Drill, short, FIBA compatible, Ø 4.5 mm, L 26 mm, stainless steel
034.366	034.366 p5.5	BLC/TLC Profile Drill, short, Ø 5.5 mm, L 26 mm, stainless steel
034.367	034.367 დ6.5	BLC/TLC Profile Drill, short, Ø 6.5 mm, L 26 mm, stainless steel
046.799		Alignment Pin, Ø 2.2 mm, L 27 mm, TAN
046.800		Depth Gauge, Ø 2.8 mm, L 27 mm, TAN
046.801		Depth Gauge, Ø 3.2 mm, L 27 mm, TAN
046.802	999 91년 1211 1211 1211 1211 1211 1211 12	Depth Gauge, Ø 3.5 mm, L 27 mm, TAN
046.803	▲ 4 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	Depth Gauge, Ø 3.7 mm, L 27 mm, TAN
046.804	8 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Depth Gauge, Ø 4.2 mm, L 27 mm, TAN
046.805		Depth Gauge, Ø 4.7 mm, L 27 mm, TAN
046.806		Depth Gauge, Ø 5.2 mm, L 27 mm, TAN
046.807		Depth Gauge, Ø 6.2 mm, L 27 mm, TAN
066.4201	E HOUL FOR	TorcFit™ Implant Driver for ratchet, short, L 21 mm, stainless steel
066.4207		TorcFit™ Implant Driver for ratchet, medium, L 26 mm, stainless steel
066.4202		TorcFit™ Implant Driver for ratchet, long, L 31 mm, stainless steel

Art. No.	Image	Product
066.4101	1 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1	TorcFit™ Implant Driver for handpiece, short, L 21 mm, stainless steel
066.4107		TorcFit™ Implant Driver for handpiece, medium, L 26 mm, stainless steel
066.4102		TorcFit™ Implant Driver for handpiece, long, L 31 mm, stainless steel
066.4108		TorcFit™ Implant Driver for handpiece, extra long, L 36 mm, stainless steel
040.563	040 203	Drill Extender*, L 23 mm, stainless steel
046.401		SCS Screwdriver, for ratchet, short, L 21 mm, stainless steel
046.411	. 046.411	SCS Screwdriver for handpiece, short, L 26 mm, stainless steel

* The drill extender can be used to extend the drill in length by 14.5 mm.

Note: The VeloDrills[™] exist also in short (for 4-12 mm) implants and long (for 4-18 mm implants). According to the typical implant length placed, the tray can be set up with the preferred VeloDrill[™] length.

For guided surgery instruments, please check Selection Guide Modular Cassette (702824/en).

Art. No.	Image	Product
041.772		Straumann® Modular Cassette, C Module, Guided surgery
026.0147		Drill handle, Ø 2.2 mm, 1 mm/3 mm*
026.0148		Drill handle, Ø 2.8 mm, 1 mm/3 mm*
026.0149		Drill handle, Ø 3.2 mm, 1 mm/3 mm*
026.0150		Drill handle, Ø 3.5 mm, 1 mm/3 mm*
026.0151		Drill handle, Ø 3.7 mm, 1 mm/3 mm*
026.0152		Drill handle, Ø 4.2 mm, 1 mm/3 mm*
034.284	L	Drill for Template Fixation Pin, \varnothing 1.3 mm
034.282		Template Fixation Pin, Ø 1.3 mm
034.298	Maren -	Template Fixation Pin, Ø 2.8/2.8 mm
034.285		Template Fixation Pin, Ø 5/2.8 mm
034.286		Template Fixation Pin, Ø 5/3.2 mm
034.287		Template Fixation Pin, Ø 5/3.5 mm
034.288		Template Fixation Pin, Ø 5/3.7 mm
034.289		Template Fixation Pin, Ø 5/4.2 mm

13.18.3 C Module for Guided Surgery – Order list

*Drill Handles compatible with metal sleeves, for the use with PEEK sleeves please use the self-locking handles with article numbers 034.291 - 034.296.

NOTES

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